

Contract for the sale and purchase of land - 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:
vendor's agent	HIVE Property Canberra PO BOX 819 DICKSON ACT 2602	phone 02 6182 1802 fax ref Steph Hunt
co-agent	Not Applicable	ref
vendor	Merinda Huntly and Geoffrey Francis Huntly 33 Robertson Road WAMBOIN NSW 2620	
vendor's solicitor	BDN LAWYERS 260 CRAWFORD STREET (PO Box 508) QUEANBEYAN NSW 2620 email: ctierney@bdn.com.au , dhopkin@bdn.com.au	phone 02 6299 3999 ref CKT:DH:246908
date of completion	42 days from date of this Contract (clause 15)	
Land (address, plan details and title reference)	33 Robertson Road Wamboin NSW 2620 Registered Plan: Lot 17 in Deposited Plan 1033796 Folio Identifier 17/1033796	
improvements	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> VACANT POSSESSION <input type="checkbox"/> subject to existing tenancies <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HOUSE <input type="checkbox"/> garage <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> carport <input type="checkbox"/> home unit <input type="checkbox"/> car space <input type="checkbox"/> storage space <input type="checkbox"/> None <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: 2 x Shed	
attached copies	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> documents in the List of Documents as marked or numbered: <input type="checkbox"/> other documents:	

A real estate agent is permitted by *legislation* to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.

inclusions	<input type="checkbox"/> air conditioning	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> clothes line	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fixed floor coverings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> range hood
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> blinds	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> curtains	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> insect screens	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> solar panels
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> built-in wardrobes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> dishwasher	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> light fittings	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> stove
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ceiling fans	<input type="checkbox"/> EV charger	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> pool equipment	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> TV antenna
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> other: Pumps, 3 x water tanks, chook pen			
exclusions				
purchaser				
purchaser's				phone
<input type="checkbox"/> solicitor				fax
<input type="checkbox"/> conveyancer	email:			ref
price				
deposit	(10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)			
balance				
contract date	(if not stated, the date this contract was made)			

Where there is more than one purchaser JOINT TENANTS
 tenants in common in unequal shares Specify:

~~GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of \$~~

buyer's agent

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	PURCHASER
<p>Signed by</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Vendor</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Vendor</p>	<p>Signed by</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Purchaser</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Purchaser</p>
VENDOR (COMPANY)	PURCHASER (COMPANY)
<p>Signed by _____ in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held Office held</p>	<p>Signed by _____ in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Signature of authorised person Signature of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Name of authorised person Name of authorised person</p> <p>_____</p> <p>Office held Office held</p>

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a **deposit bond** NO yes

Nominated Electronic Lodgement Network ELN (clause 4) PEXA

Manual transaction (clause 30) NO yes

(if yes, vendor must provide further details, including any applicable exception, in the space below):

Parties agree that the deposit be invested (clause 2.9) NO yes

Tax information (the parties promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

Land tax is adjustable NO yes

GST: Taxable supply NO yes in full yes to an extent

Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply NO yes

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

- not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on (section 9-5(b))
- by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an **GSTRW payment:** (GST residential withholding payment) NO yes (if yes, vendor must provide further details)

If the details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.

GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) – further details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's representative:

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of **GSTRW payment**:

If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the **GSTRW rate** (residential withholding rate):

Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? NO yes

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration:

\$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

List of Documents

<p>General</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 property certificate for the land</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 plan of the land</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 3 unregistered plan of the land</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 4 plan of land to be subdivided</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate (Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 9 sewerage lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10 document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 11 <i>planning agreement</i></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 13 survey report</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 14 building information certificate or building certificate given under <i>legislation</i></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 15 occupation certificate</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 17 other document relevant to tenancies</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 18 licence benefiting the land</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 19 old system document</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 20 Crown purchase statement of account</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 21 building management statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 22 form of requisitions</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 23 <i>clearance certificate</i></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 24 land tax certificate</p> <p>Home Building Act 1989</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 25 insurance certificate</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 26 brochure and warning</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover</p> <p>Swimming Pools Act 1992</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 28 certificate of compliance</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 29 evidence of registration</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 30 relevant occupation certificate</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 31 certificate of non-compliance</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance</p>	<p>Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 33 property certificate for strata common property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 34 plan creating strata common property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 35 strata by-laws</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 36 strata development contract or statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 37 strata management statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 38 strata renewal proposal</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 39 strata renewal plan</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 42 plan creating neighbourhood property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 43 neighbourhood development contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 44 neighbourhood management statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 45 property certificate for precinct property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 46 plan creating precinct property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 47 precinct development contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 48 precinct management statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 49 property certificate for community property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 50 plan creating community property</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 51 community development contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 52 community management statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 54 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 57 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 1989</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> 59 other documents relevant to off the plan contract</p> <p>Other</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 60 Other: Building and Pest Report</p>
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HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Phone:

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- 1 This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 **EXCEPT** in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is **NO COOLING OFF PERIOD**—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- 4 A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- 5 The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group Australian Taxation Office Council County Council Department of Planning and Environment Department of Primary Industries Electricity and gas Land and Housing Corporation Local Land Services	NSW Department of Education NSW Fair Trading Owner of adjoining land Privacy Public Works Advisory Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications Transport for NSW Water, sewerage or drainage authority
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If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1	In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –
<i>adjustment date</i>	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
<i>adjustment figures</i>	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
<i>authorised Subscriber</i>	a <i>Subscriber</i> (not being a <i>party's solicitor</i>) named in a notice <i>served</i> by a <i>party</i> as being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
<i>bank</i>	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a bank, a building society or a credit union;
<i>business day</i>	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
<i>cheque</i>	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
<i>clearance certificate</i>	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to completion;
<i>completion time</i>	the time of day at which completion is to occur;
<i>conveyancing rules</i>	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
<i>deposit-bond</i>	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● the issuer; ● the expiry date (if any); and ● the amount;
<i>depositholder</i>	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's <i>solicitor</i> , or if no vendor's <i>solicitor</i> is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
<i>discharging mortgagee</i>	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to be transferred to the purchaser;
<i>document of title</i>	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
<i>ECNL</i>	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
<i>electronic document</i>	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in an <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;
<i>electronic transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i> and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
<i>electronic transfer</i>	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of the <i>parties' Conveyancing Transaction</i> ;
<i>FRCGW percentage</i>	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (12.5% as at 1 July 2017);
<i>FRCGW remittance</i>	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , being the lesser of the <i>FRCGW percentage</i> of the price (inclusive of GST, if any) and the amount specified in a <i>variation served</i> by a <i>party</i> ;
<i>GST Act</i>	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
<i>GST rate</i>	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition - General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
<i>GSTRW payment</i>	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (the price multiplied by the <i>GSTRW rate</i>);
<i>GSTRW rate</i>	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at 1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11 th if not);
<i>incoming mortgagee</i>	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the <i>property</i> and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
<i>legislation</i>	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
<i>manual transaction</i>	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> in which a dealing forming part of the <i>Lodgment Case</i> at or following completion cannot be <i>Digitally Signed</i> ;
<i>normally</i>	subject to any other provision of this contract;
<i>participation rules</i>	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL</i> ;
<i>party</i>	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
<i>property</i>	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
<i>planning agreement</i>	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property</i> ;
<i>populate</i>	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;

<i>requisition</i>	an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);
<i>rescind</i>	rescind this contract from the beginning;
<i>serve</i>	serve in writing on the other <i>party</i> ;
<i>settlement cheque</i>	an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or • if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
<i>solicitor</i>	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
<i>TA Act</i>	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
<i>terminate</i>	terminate this contract for breach;
<i>title data</i>	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> ;
<i>variation</i>	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> ;
<i>within</i>	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
<i>work order</i>	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

- 1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by –
- 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*;
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can *terminate* if –
- 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.
- This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if –
- 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as –
- 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond* –
- 3.9.1 on completion; or
- 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor –
- 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser –
- 3.11.1 *normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*; or
- 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 4 Electronic transaction**
- 4.1 This *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as an *electronic transaction* unless –
- 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
- 4.1.2 a *party* *serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,
- and in both cases clause 30 applies.
- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* –
- 4.2.1 each *party* must –
- bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;
- incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and
- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The *parties* must conduct the *electronic transaction* –
- 4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
- 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A *party* must pay the fees and charges payable by that *party* to the *ELNO* and the *Land Registry*.
- 4.5 *Normally*, the vendor must *within 7 days* of the contract date create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* with *title data* and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6 –
- 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
- 4.7.2 create and *populate* an *electronic transfer*;
- 4.7.3 invite any *discharging mortgagee* or *incoming mortgagee* to join the *Electronic Workspace*; and
- 4.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that –
- 4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
- 4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
- 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring –
- 4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
- 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*;
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things –
- 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
- 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *servicing* it –
- 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title - *within 21 days* after the contract date;
- 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor - *within 21 days* after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
- 5.2.3 in any other case - *within a reasonable time*.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

- Normally*, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *servicing* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –
- 7.1 the vendor can *rescind* if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay –
- 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
- 7.1.2 the vendor *serves* notice of intention to *rescind*; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within 14 days* after that *service*; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not *rescind*, the *parties* must complete and if this contract is completed –
- 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
- 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
- 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within 1 month* of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
- 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
- 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
- 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within 3 months* after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can *rescind* if –
- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within 14 days* after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *servicing* a notice. After the *termination* –
- 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
- 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
- 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *servicing* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause –
- 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
- 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either –
- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover –
- the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
- 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
- 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
- 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
- 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
- 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –

- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for –
- 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
- 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7) –
- 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
- 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
- 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern –
- 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
- 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
- 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows –
- if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
- 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply –
- 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
- 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of –
- a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if –
- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent –
- 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
- 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor serves details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The *parties* must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and –
- 14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
- 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date* –
- 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
- 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year –
- the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The *parties* must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can serve a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

- 16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party* serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

• Purchaser

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor –
- 16.5.1 the price less any –
- deposit paid;
 - *FRCGW remittance* payable;
 - *GSTRW payment*; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
- 16.5.2 any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if –
- 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
- 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion –
- 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion –
- 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor –
- 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the *parties* or their *solicitors* on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a *party* a right to *rescind*, the *party* can exercise the right –
- 19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 *Normally*, if a *party* exercises a right to *rescind* expressly given by this contract or any *legislation* –
- 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is –
- 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 *served* if it is *served* by the *party* or the *party's solicitor*;
 - 20.6.3 *served* if it is *served* on the *party's solicitor*, even if the *party* has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 *served* if it is *served* in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 *served* if it is sent by email or fax to the *party's solicitor*, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 *served* on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 *served* at the earliest time it is *served*, if it is *served* more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 *served* if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay –
- 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally - the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing - the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party's* obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor *serving* a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the *property* or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 - 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each *party* consents to –
- 20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
- 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party's* intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract –
- 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means –
- a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are –
- normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.
- ### • Adjustments and liability for expenses
- 23.5 The *parties* must adjust under clause 14.1 –
- 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
- 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
- 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract –
- 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* in respect of –
- 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
- 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
- 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can *rescind* if –
- 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
- 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
- 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
- 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.
- **Notices, certificates and inspections**
- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.
- **Meetings of the owners corporation**
- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
- 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
- 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the *adjustment date* –
- 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the *property* is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
- 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
- 24.3.3 *normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if –
- a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion –
- 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer –
- any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earned by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
- 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
- 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser –
- at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
- 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
- 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.
- 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title**
- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) –
- 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
- 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within 7 days* after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document –
- 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
- 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title –
- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title –
- 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
- 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
- 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title –
- 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within 7 days* after the contract date.
 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent *within 7 days* after *service* of the purchaser's part.
 27.4 If consent is refused, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
 27.6 If consent is not given or refused –
 27.6.1 *within 42 days* after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 27.6.2 *within 30 days* after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is –
 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*; or
 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within 6 months* after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
 28.3 If the plan is not registered *within that time* and in that manner –
 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the condition.
 29.7 If the *parties* can lawfully complete without the event happening –
 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within the time* for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after the end of that time;
 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within 7 days* after either *party* *serves* notice of the refusal; and
 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of –
 ● either *party* *serving* notice of the event happening;
 ● every *party* who has the benefit of the provision *serving* notice waiving the provision; or
 ● the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the *parties* cannot lawfully complete without the event happening –
- 29.8.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
- 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A *party* cannot *rescind* under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

- 30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.
- **Transfer**
- 30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must *serve* it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- **Place for completion**
- 30.6 *Normally*, the *parties* must complete at the completion address, which is –
- 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract - that address; or
- 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place - that place; or
- 30.6.3 in any other case - the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- **Payments on completion**
- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so –
- 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
- 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 *settlement cheques*, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra *cheque*.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must –
- 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.12.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.12.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must –
- 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
- 30.13.2 forward the *settlement cheque* to the payee immediately after completion; and
- 30.13.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if –
- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
- 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022 –
- 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

33 ROBERTSON RD WAMBOIN NSW 2620

ADDITIONAL CLAUSES

Completion

33. If the parties do not agree that settlement of this contract be completed in the PEXA electronic conveyancing system, then settlement will take place at the ACT Law Society Settlement Room, 1st Floor, 4 Farrell Place, Canberra City ACT 2601.

No objections

34. The purchasers accept the property subject to all defects latent or patent and will make no objection, requisition or claim in respect thereof and furthermore the purchasers, whether or not they shall have inspected the property prior to the sale, shall be deemed to purchase and shall purchase the same with full notice of the condition and state of repair thereof in all respects and no objection, requisition or claim for compensation shall be made by the purchasers in respect of the condition and state of repair of the property.
35. The purchasers acknowledge that in entering into this contract they do not rely on any letter, document, correspondence, representation, specification, promise or arrangement of any kind whether oral or in writing, by whomsoever made as adding to or amending the terms, conditions, warranties and arrangements contained in this contract and both parties acknowledge that the agreements, provisions, terms and conditions contained in this contract comprise the whole of the bargain between the parties who hereby expressly agree and declare that no further or other agreements, provisions, terms or conditions exist or apply.

Death or incapacity

36. Without in any manner negating, limiting or restricting any rights or remedies which would have been available to the vendors or purchasers at law or in equity had this clause not been included in this contract, if prior to completion either party (and, if more than one, either or any of them) dies or becomes mentally ill, then either party may rescind this agreement by notice in writing served in accordance with the provisions of clause 20 whereupon this contract shall be at an end and the provisions of clause 19 shall apply.

No prior dealings

37. The purchasers shall not be entitled to require the vendors prior to completion to register or obtain a discharge of any mortgage or the lodgement of a withdrawal of any caveat or writ or like notification affecting the property or the title of the vendors to the property, or any estate or interest therein, but will accept on completion a properly executed discharge of any such mortgage or withdrawal of any such caveat or writ or like notification, together with the appropriate registration fees therefore.

Delayed Completion

38. If completion of this contract does not take place within the time fixed herein, either party or their solicitor shall have the right to issue a notice to complete to the other party requiring completion at the expiration of 14 days from the date of service of the notice and making the time limited by that demand of the essence of the contract.
39. If the purchasers fail to complete this contract within the time specified herein or are otherwise in breach of this agreement, the vendors shall be entitled (in addition to all other remedies available to them for breach of contract) to demand and be paid on completion or on termination of this agreement if the vendors elect to terminate together with all other monies payable hereunder interest on the whole of the purchase price at the rate of 9% per annum calculated from the date for completion or the date of the breach whichever is the earlier up to the date of completion, or the date of termination, inclusive.
40. If the purchasers fail to effect settlement after appropriate arrangements have been made and a notice to complete is served by the vendors, the sum of \$550.00 (inclusive of GST) is payable by the purchasers which amount shall be added to the balance payable on completion to cover legal costs and other expenses incurred by the vendors as a consequence of delay and rescheduling settlement, as a genuine pre-estimate of those additional expenses.

Adjustments for water usage

41. Notwithstanding Clauses 14.1 and 14.2 the vendors will not make an adjustment of water usage unless the purchasers prior to completion tenders a current Section 603 Certificate including an individual special water meter reading for any water adjustment.

Amendment to Standard Contract Clauses

42. Clause 7.1.1 of the printed terms of the contract is deleted.

Non PEXA completions

43. If completion will not be effected in PEXA and where there is an eCT, the purchasers must, within 7 days of the date of this contract, provide the vendors with a duly completed Land and Property Information Request for CoRD Holder Consent (Transacting Party Consent) form.

Keys

44. On completion, the vendors will supply all keys in the vendors' possession or control that exist at the date of this contract in respect of the property. The purchasers will make no objection, requisition or claim for compensation, or delay Completion in relation to any keys provided or not provided by the vendors to the property.

Land Tax Adjustment

45. Clause 14.4 of the printed terms is deleted in its entirety and replaced with the following additional clause 46.
46. The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustable date* –
- (a) only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor on title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable; and
 - (b) by adjusting the amount that has been paid or is payable by the vendor for the land being the subject of this contract; and
 - (c) if the land (or any part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional basis.

Purchaser Warranties

47. The Purchaser acknowledges and agrees that:
- (a) this Contract sets out the whole of the agreement between the parties;
 - (b) the Vendor is not required to carry out any work or effect any repairs or renovations whatsoever;
 - (c) the Vendor is not required to obtain any approvals or procure any certifications for the Property whatsoever;
 - (d) The Purchaser has received the Vendor Disclosure Documents as marked on page 2 of this Contract (**Required Documents**) and has had the opportunity to make its own enquiries regarding the matters contained or disclosed in the Required Documents.
 - (e) The Purchaser may not make any requisition, objection, claim for compensation or delay Completion in respect of the matters raised in this Additional Clause 47.

Shutdown Period: COVID

48. Definitions

Unless the context indicates otherwise, each word or phrase defined in this clause 48 has the meaning given to it in this clause.

Isolate means any mandatory government requirement to self-isolate, or any mandatory medical requirement to be isolated in hospital, and Isolation has a corresponding meaning.

Pandemic means the COVID 19 (or a variant of it) pandemic as declared by WHO.

WHO means the World Health Organisation.

In this clause **Shutdown Period** means any day:

- (a) When any of the following is closed:
 - i. The bank or financial institution of the vendors from whom the vendors must obtain a discharge of mortgage in order to complete this contract;
 - ii. The bank or financial institution of the purchasers from whom the purchasers is obtaining funding in order to complete this contract;
 - iii. The place of business of the vendors' solicitor;
 - iv. The place of business of the purchasers' solicitor;
 - v. The NSW Land Titles Office; or
 - vi. The NSW Revenue Office,

In accordance with any direction by a Government Department or Authority or company policy; or

- (b) When the purchasers or the vendors are not able to attend any of the places of business listed in clause 48(a) due to being Isolated, in response to a Pandemic or other national health emergency, and where that closure or Isolation event would reasonably cause either party to be unable to complete this contract during the period of the closure or Isolation.

49. Notice of Closure

- (a) Either party to this contract may invoke clause 48 by notice to the other party that gives sufficient details of the event (including supporting information of any closure or Isolation) giving rise to the Shutdown Period.
- (b) Either party may notify the other party of the end of the Shutdown Period.
- (c) Each party must act promptly and in good faith to advise the other party if it becomes aware of the start or end of a Shutdown Period.

50. Completion extended

- (a) In the event that, Completion of this contract is to take place during the Shutdown Period, then the Date for Completion is deemed to be extended to the 3rd Business Day after the date of notification of the end of the Shutdown Period.

51. Extension of the Notice to Complete

- (a) In the event that the period specified in any Notice to Complete issued pursuant to this contract expires during the Shutdown Period then the date for the expiration notice is deemed to be extended to the 3rd Business Day after the date of notification of the end of the Shutdown Period.

52. Extension of other notice

- (a) If a notice (other than a Notice to Complete) is served in accordance with this contract during the Shutdown Period then such notice is deemed to be served on the first Business Day after the date of notification of the end of the Shutdown Period.

53. Payment of damages

- (a) If this contract includes any term requiring one or both of the parties to pay damages for any delay in Completion, no damages shall be payable by either party for any period during the Shutdown Period.

Building Inspection Report

54. Building Inspection Report

- (a) The purchasers acknowledge that the vendors have provided a Building Inspection Report by ACT Property Inspections ('the report') dated 19/12/2025 (copy attached hereto).
- (b) The purchasers acknowledge and accept that the vendors give no warranty as to the accuracy of the report and that the report is the opinion of the author.
- (c) The purchasers release and discharge the vendors from all actions, suits, causes of action, claims and demands (including without limitation, any claim or demand for cost or expenses) which the purchasers:
 - I. now have; or
 - II. may have in the future;against the vendors arising out of or in any way connected with the report.
- (d) The purchasers will, from the completion date, indemnify the vendors against any claims, liability, demands, suits, proceedings, losses, costs, penalties or damages incurred by the vendors as a result directly or indirectly, of the existence or otherwise of any matters raised in relation to the report or on the land which in the existence of the property.
- (e) The purchasers will on completion reimburse the vendors the sum of \$950.00 being the cost of the report.
- (f) This clause will not merge or be extinguished on completion.

Agent

55. The purchasers warrant that they were not introduced to the vendors, or the property, by any agent other than the agent nominated as the vendors's agent in this contract. The purchasers indemnify the vendors against any claim for commission by an agent resulting from an introduction in breach of this warranty. This clause does not merge on completion.

Rural Clauses

56. So far as any plant, structural improvements, fixtures, fencing, water conservation or other items upon which the vendors have claimed depreciation are included in the sale, the consideration receivable in respect of each item shall, for the purposes of the Tax Act, be the depreciated value of each such item in the hands of the vendors as at the date of completion of this agreement. Such depreciated value shall be determined in accordance with the said Act and in the event of any such items being fully depreciated or otherwise written off or fully deducted for the purposes of that Act, then the consideration for the sale of each such item shall be \$1.00.
57. Subject as aforesaid, the property is sold as fenced and no objection, requisition upon title or claim for compensation shall be made by the purchasers should any boundary be improperly or

inadequately fenced or should the area of the property as surveyed be less than represented to the purchasers, or should there be any give-and-take fences.

58. The purchasers shall not make any requisition or take objection to or claim compensation if it should be found:
- (a) That there is any contravention of the Rural Workers Accommodation Act or the Local Government Act or of any ordinance or regulation made under either of such acts; or
 - (b) That there is any defect in or repairs necessary to any fences or other improvements on the property; or
 - (c) That any dam has been constructed or any creek or water course passing through the property without authority or that there is any other contravention of the Water Act or regulations thereunder; or
 - (d) That any telephone or electricity lines, pipes, water channels or roads traverse the property or that any other persons have rights to the use or benefit thereof; or
 - (e) That any application, lease, licence, authority or claim has been made, granted or is pending under the provisions of the Mining Act 1973 or any other act relating to mining or exploration for minerals, petroleum or other products.
59. Any road permits held in connection with the property are given in and the vendors agree to advise the New South Wales Department of Land of the sale of the property and do whatever the purchasers may reasonably require to have such permits placed in his names and the rent thereof shall be apportioned between the parties in accordance with clause 14 hereof.
60. The vendors will not prior to completion agist or allow to be agisted or graze or allow to be grazed upon the subject land any more livestock than are depastured upon the subject land at the date hereof together with the natural progeny thereof.

Director's Guarantee

61. Director's Guarantee
- (a) Where the Purchaser is a corporation, all directors of that corporation shall guarantee that corporation's performance of its obligations under this Contract.
 - (b) The guarantee is to be in the form attached as Annexure "A".



FOLIO: 17/1033796

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
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13/11/2025	5:10 PM	8	22/10/2024

LAND

LOT 17 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 1033796
AT SUTTON
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA QUEANBEYAN-PALERANG REGIONAL
PARISH OF GOOROOPYARROO COUNTY OF MURRAY
TITLE DIAGRAM DP1033796

FIRST SCHEDULE

MERINDA HUNTLY
IN 1/2 SHARE
MERINDA HUNTLY
GEOFFREY FRANCIS HUNTLY
AS JOINT TENANTS IN 1/2 SHARE
AS TENANTS IN COMMON (AD AU508002)

SECOND SCHEDULE (6 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 P362424 COVENANT
- 3 DP1033796 EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY SUPPLY 20 METRE(S) WIDE & VARIABLE WIDTH AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- 4 DP1033796 RESTRICTION(S) ON THE USE OF LAND REFERRED TO AND NUMBERED (2) IN THE S.88B INSTRUMENT
- 5 DP1033796 RESTRICTION(S) ON THE USE OF LAND REFERRED TO AND NUMBERED (4) IN THE S.88B INSTRUMENT
- 6 AG211138 MORTGAGE TO WESTPAC BANKING CORPORATION

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***



APPROVED BY SUBDIVISION DP1015228
 633 THIS BY DIRECTOR, NANTONG DISTRICT
 NANTONG DISTRICT - DIRECTOR
 NANTONG DISTRICT - DIRECTOR
 NANTONG DISTRICT - DIRECTOR

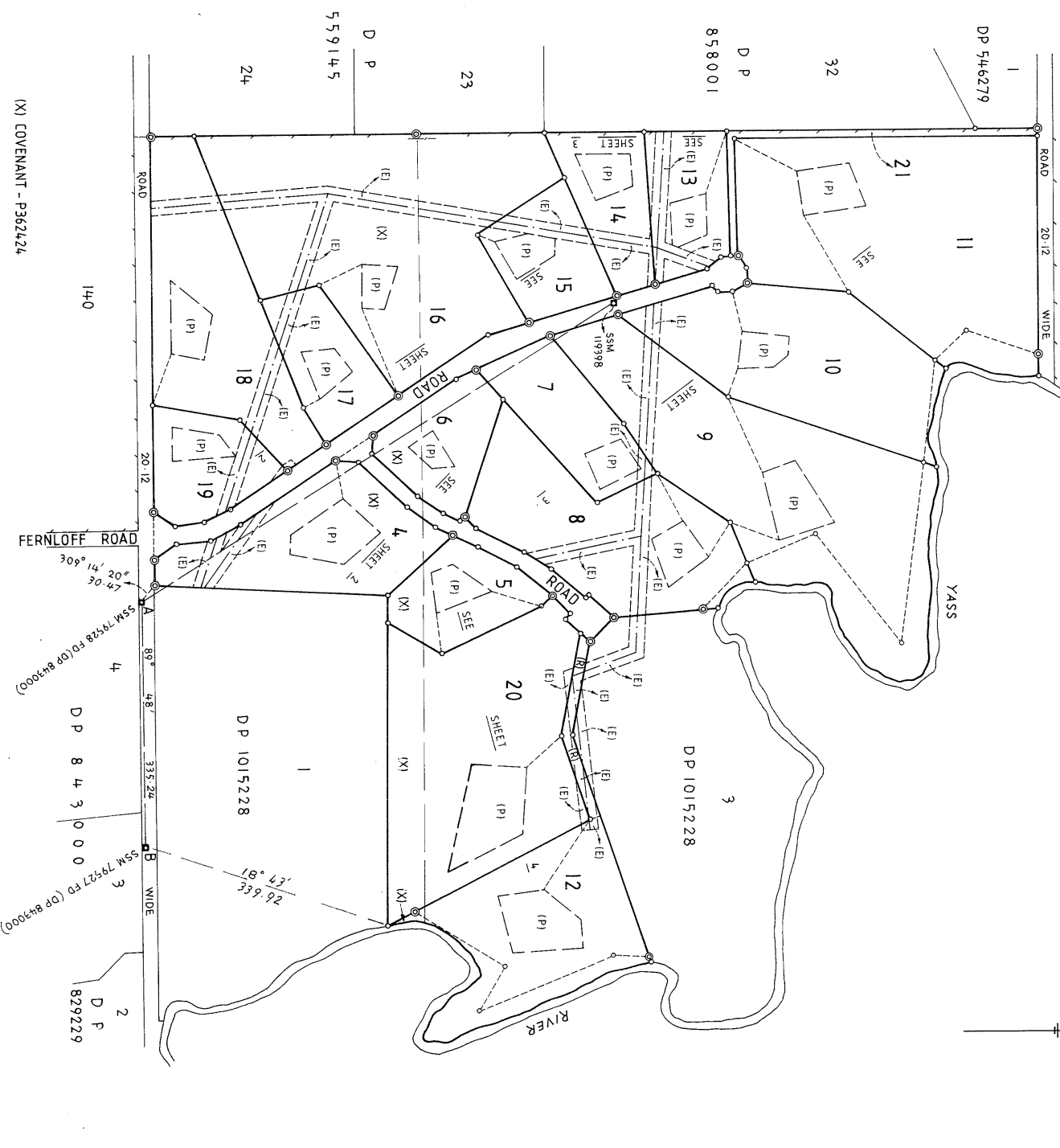
EXECUTED BY E.V. HALL Pty
 LTD NANTONG 531119 BY
 BRUCE HALL JEWELL HALL
 JEWELL HALL
 JEWELL HALL - DIRECTOR
 JEWELL HALL - DIRECTOR
 JEWELL HALL - DIRECTOR

Manager under Part 136 of the 2001 Act
 2305 day of
 NOVEMBER 2001 for the
 Australian State of New South Wales
 by JOHN MARY FERROUSON
 Director General
 Crown Lands Office NSW

PLAN APPROVED
 Land District
 Paper No. pages
 Field Book
 Subdivision Certificate
 I certify that the provisions of a 100% of the Environmental Planning
 and Assessment Act 1979 have been satisfied in relation to the
 proposed
 (insert subdivision name)
 Authorised Representative
 Consent Authority
 Date of endorsement
 Accreditation No.
 Subdivision Certificate No.
 File No.
 Note:
 When the plan is to be lodged electronically in the Land Titles
 Office, the plan must be accompanied by a copy of the plan as
 approved by the Registrar-General.
 Subdivisions reference 9016

Plan Drawing only to appear in this space

(E) DENOTES EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY SUPPLY 20 WIDE & VAR WIDTH
 (P) BUILDING RESTRICTION PRECINCT
 (R) RIGHT OF CARRIAGEWAY 15 WIDE



DP1033796

Registered 17.12.2001
 CA SEE CERTIFICATE
 Title System TORRENS
 Purpose SUBDIVISION
 Ref Map 8727-1-S #
 Last Plan DP1015228

PLAN OF SUBDIVISION OF
 LOT 2 DP 1015228 AND
 EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
 SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228

LGA YARROWLUNLA
 Locality SUTTON
 Parish GOOROOTYARROO
 County MURRAY

This is sheet 1 of my plan in 4 sheets (Delete if inapplicable).

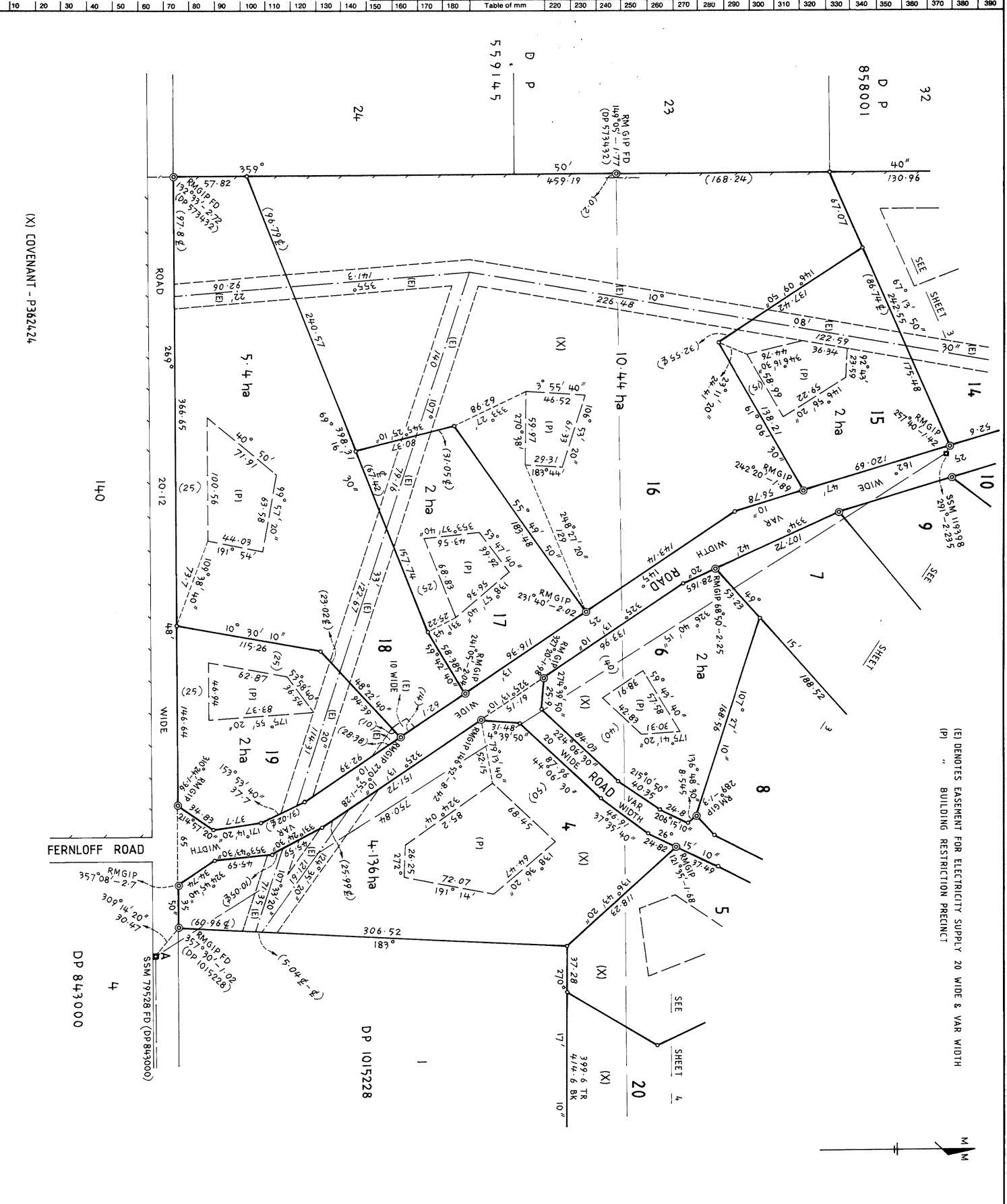
Surveyor (Practising) Registrar 1996
 R. A. B. L. L.
 of WILLSFIELD, RMBS 1975, GUNDAROO, 2620
 a survey registered under the Surveyors Act, 1988, has been made in
 accordance with the Surveyors (Practising) Regulation 1998 and was
 completed on 6.12.2001
 The survey relates to LOT 2 & 3
 This drawing, the land parcels, easements or covenants, any other systems in
 the plan shall not be the subject of the survey.
 Datum: A - B
 Zone: Suburban
 State of New South Wales
 (Department of Crown Lands)

Plans used in preparation of survey/compilation:
 DP 546279, DP 559145, DP 583765,
 DP 829229, DP 849000, DP 1015228

PANEL FOR USE ONLY for statements of intention
 to dedicate public roads, to create public reserves,
 drainage reserves, easements, restrictions on the
 use of land or positive covenants.
 IT IS INTENDED TO DEDICATE NEW ROAD
 TO THE PUBLIC AS ROAD
 IT IS INTENDED TO CREATE LOT 21 AS
 PUBLIC RESERVE
 IT IS INTENDED TO RELEASE RIGHT OF
 CARRIAGEWAY 30 WIDE (DP 1015228)
 PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE
 CONVEYANCING ACT 1919 AS AMENDED
 IT IS INTENDED TO CREATE:
 (1) EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY SUPPLY
 20 WIDE & VAR WIDTH
 (2) RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER
 (3) RIGHT OF CARRIAGEWAY 15 WIDE
 (4) RESTRICTION AS TO USER

WARNING: CREASING OR FOLDING WILL LEAD TO REJECTION

PE DP1033796



(X) COVENANT - P362424

Plan Drawing only to appear in this space

(E) DENOTES EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY SUPPLY 20 WIDE & VAR WIDTH
 (P) " BUILDING RESTRICTION PRECINCT

DP1033796

Registered (17-12-2001)

This is sheet 2 of the plan in 4 sheets dated 6-8-2001

PA GILL

Surveyor registered under Surveyors Act 1929

This is sheet 2 of the plan in 4 sheets covered by subdivision certificate No. 1999-035 of 1 November 2001

Deane

Authorized Person/General Manager/Accountant/Controller

For use where states is insufficient in any panel on Plan Form 3

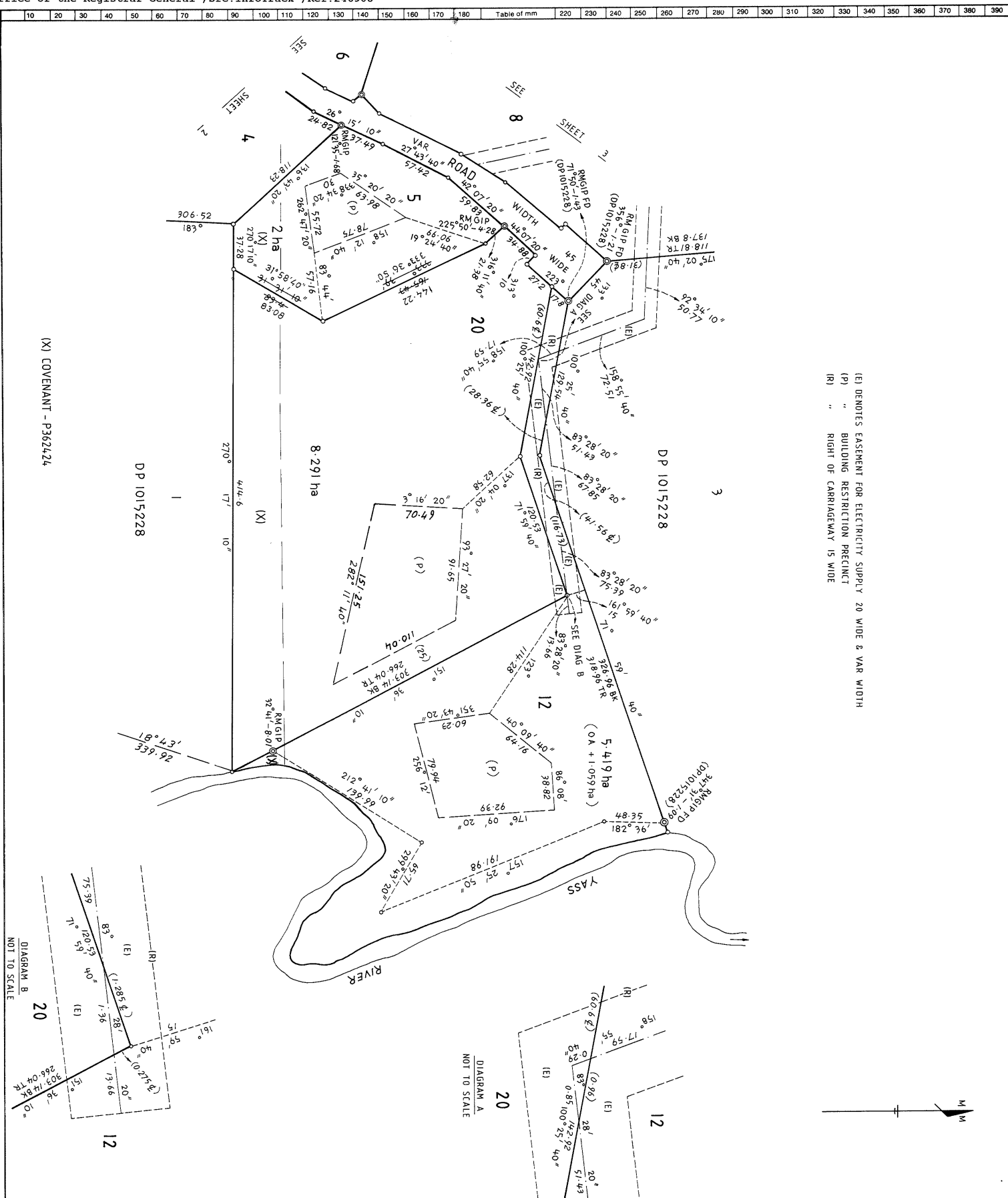
James Shree
James Shree
James Shree
James Shree
James Shree

James Shree
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James Shree

Reduction Ratio: 1:2000

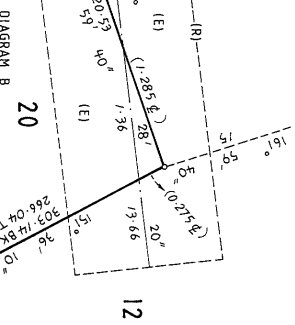
SURVEYOR'S REFERENCE: 9016



(E) DENOTES EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY SUPPLY 20 WIDE & VAR WIDTH
 (P) BUILDING RESTRICTION PRECINCT
 (R) RIGHT OF CARRIAGEWAY 15 WIDE

(X) COVENANT - P362424

Plan Drawing only to appear in this space



Registered: 17.12.2001

DP1033796

This is sheet 4 of the plan of 4 sheets covered by my Certificate of Title No. 1199-235 of 11 November 2001

Surveyor registered under Surveyors Act 1929

PA Wolfe

General Manager/Authorised Person

[Signature]

For use where space is insufficient in any panel on Plan Form 2

[Signature]
[Signature]
 Director

[Signature]
 Director

Reduction Ratio: 1:2000

Surveyors Reference: 90/6

"B"

**INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228 AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT
1919**

Sheet 1 of 10 pages

DP1033796

Plan:

Subdivision of Lot 2 in DP 1015228
at Sutton, Parish of Goorooyaroo,
County of Murray ϕ

Full name and address of
proprietors of the land:

ϕ
**B & J HALL PTY LIMITED, SRIDEEN
PTY LIMITED, KEVIN EDWIN JOHN
FORD, IAN DOUGLAS FORD &
MARIE JEANETTE FORD** c/- *chr.*
Brewer St. at Melrose Dr. Woden
The Registered Proprietors of Lot 2 in
Deposited Plan 1015228

TREVOR PERCIVAL DUNCAN
c/- *WOOD FUSSELL,*
PART 1 *31 LONDON CIRCUIT, CANBERRA*
(as to Lot 3 D.P. 1015228)

1. Identity of easement
firstly referred to in the abovementioned
plan

Easement for Electricity Supply
20 wide & variable width.

Schedule of Lots etc. affected

Lots Burdened

4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12,
13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 & 20
and Lot 3 DP 1015228

Lots, name of road or authority
benefited

Country Energy

ϕ and Easement for Electricity Supply
within Lot 3 in D.P. 1015228 covered by
Council Clerk's Certificate No 1999-035 of 1-11-2001

ϕ ACN 008 531 119
 ϕ ACN 008 633 743

Trevor Duncan
Michael
Molly Wise *Jenny*

**INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228 AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT
1919**

Lengths in metres

Sheet 2 of 10 pages

DP1033796

Subdivision of Lot 2 in DP 1015228
at Sutton, Parish of Goorooyarroo,
County of Murray
(see sheet 1)

2. Identity of restriction
secondly referred to in the
abovementioned plan

Restriction as to User

Schedule of Lots etc. affected

Lots Burdened

Lots, name of road or Authority
benefited

4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,
13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 & 20

Yarrowlumla Shire Council

3. Identity of easement
thirdly referred to in the
abovementioned plan

Right of Carriageway 15 wide

Schedule of Lots etc. affected

Lot Burdened

Lot Benefited

Lot 12

Lot 20 and
Lot 3 in DP 1015228

Tina D...
Ph...
Molly Wise

Garey...

**INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228 AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT
1919**

Lengths in metres

Sheet 3 of 10 pages

DP1033796

Subdivision of Lot 2 in DP 1015228
at Sutton, Parish of Goorooyarroo,
County of Murray
(see Sheet 1)

4. Identity of restriction
fourthly referred to in the
abovementioned plan Restriction as to User

Schedule of Lots etc. affected

Lot Burdened

Lot Benefited

4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12,
13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 & 20

NSW Department of Land & Water
Conservation and Yarrowlumla Shire
Council

PART 1A

1. Identity of Easement to be released
firstly referred to in the
abovementioned plan Right of Carriageway created vide
DP 1015228

Schedule of Lots etc. affected

Lot Burdened

Lot Benefited

1 DP 1015228
~~20, 12~~ Lot 2 DP 1015228

Lot 3 DP 1015228
Lot 3 DP 1015228

Guernsey

Trevor Deane
Molly Wise
Molly Wise

**INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228 AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT
1919**

Lengths in metres

Sheet 4 of 10 pages

DP1033796

Subdivision of Lot 2 in DP 1015228
at Sutton, Parish of Goorooyarroo,
County of Murray

(see Sheet 1)

PART 2

1. Terms of Easement for Electricity Supply firstly referred to in the
abovementioned Plan.

- (a) An easement for the transmission of electricity with full and free right leave liberty and licence for Country Energy and its successors to erect construct place repair renew maintain use and remove electricity transmission mains wires cables stays poles and ancillary works on the surface, undersurface, or subsoil of the easement for the transmission of electricity and for purposes incidental thereto through and/or in and/or over and/or along the easement and to cause or permit electricity to flow or be transmitted through and along the said transmission mains wires and cables and to cut or trim or lop trees branches and other growths or foliage and to remove any other obstructions of any kind whatsoever which now or at any time hereafter may overhang encroach or be in or on the easement and which may or may be likely to interfere with any right leave liberty or licence granted hereunder and for any of the purposes aforesaid for Country Energy and every person authorised by it to enter into and upon the easement or any part thereof at all reasonable times and to remain there for any reasonable time with surveyors workmen vehicles things or persons and to bring and place and leave thereon or remove therefrom all necessary material machinery implements and things provided that Country Energy and the persons authorised by it will take all reasonable precautions to ensure as little disturbance as possible to the surface of the easement and will restore that surface as nearly as practicable to its original conditions AND the Registered Proprietor for the time being of the land hereby burdened shall not erect or permit to be erected any building fence or other erection of any kind or description on over or under the easement or alter the surface level thereof or carry out any form of construction affecting the surface undersurface or subsoil thereof without Country Energy's permission in writing being first had and obtained PROVIDED THAT anything permitted by Country Energy under the foregoing covenant shall be executed in all respects in accordance with the reasonable requirements of Country Energy and to the reasonable satisfaction of the engineer of Country Energy for the time being.

Country Energy

Tuesday 13 Nov 2025
Melissa Wise
Melissa Wise

**INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228 AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT
1919**

Lengths in metres

Sheet 5 of 10 pages

DP1033796

Subdivision of Lot 2 in DP 1015228
at Sutton, Parish of Goorooyaroo,
County of Murray
(see sheet 1)

2. Terms of Restriction secondly referred to in the abovementioned plan.

- (a) that no building or construction of any kind other than fences and windmills shall be erected on the land hereby burdened other than within the area designated Building Restriction Precinct on each lot burdened **PROVIDED HOWEVER** that each lot must have practical access to the dwelling by fire and other emergency vehicles and that at each dwelling site there must be an adequate turn around area for fire and other emergency vehicles and that each lot must provide access to water for fire and other emergency vehicles; and
- (b) no dwelling shall be erected on the land hereby burdened until such time as the design criteria for effluent disposal has been approved by Yarrawlumla Shire Council.

3. Terms of easement thirdly referred to in the abovementioned plan

- (a) The Statutory terms of the Right of Carriageway pursuant to Part 1 of Schedule 8 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 **PROVIDED HOWEVER** in exercising those powers, the Registered Proprietor of the dominant tenement must:-
- (i) ensure that the Right of Carriageway is maintained to allow passage at all times by both a motor vehicle and a semi trailer;
 - (ii) meet the cost of maintenance of the Right of Carriageway;
 - (iii) cause as little inconvenience as is practicable to the owners of the servient tenements and any occupier of the lots burdened;
 - (iv) cause as little damage as is practicable to the lots burdened and any improvements on them; and
 - (v) ensure that any gates across or partly across the Right of Carriageway shall be erected and maintained in good repair by the owner of the land on which they are located and shall not be locked; and
 - (vi) ensure that no gates or fences other than those already erected across the land subject of the Right of Carriageway, shall be constructed.
 - (vii) ensure that the work on the Right of Carriageway is properly carried out; and

Genevieve
Melby Wise *Troy* *Phillips*

**INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228 AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT
1919**

Lengths in metres

Sheet 6 of 10 pages

DP1033796

Subdivision of Lot 2 in DP 1015228
at Sutton, Parish of Goorooyarroo,
County of Murray
(see Sheet 1)


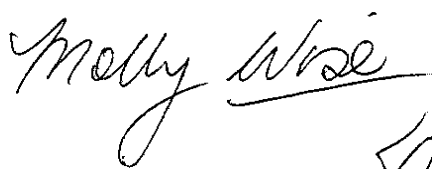
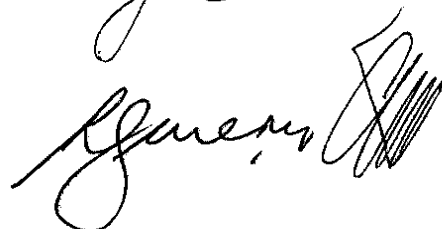
- (viii) in the event of a dispute relating to the maintenance of the Right of Carriageway, that dispute shall be determined by a single Arbitrator (being a Barrister of the New South Wales Bar) appointed by the President for the time being of the Bar Association of New South Wales or its successors and the determination of that Barrister on the dispute, and on the cost of the Arbitration shall be final and conclusive and not challenged.

4. Terms of Restriction as to User fourthly referred to in the abovementioned plan.

- (a) No Lot shall be permitted to construct either a dam or a groundwater bore except with the approval by the NSW Department of Land & Water Conservation and in accordance the Water Supply Plan at Yarrowlumla Shire Council

The name of the authority whose consent is required to any release variation or modification of the easement firstly referred to in the abovementioned plan is Country Energy or its successor.

The name of the authority whose consent is required to any release variation or modification of the restriction and easement, secondly and thirdly respectively, referred to in the abovementioned plan is Yarrowlumla Shire Council or its successor.


Trevor D. Wise

Melly Wise

Gregory

**INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228 AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT
1919**

Lengths in metres

Sheet 7 of 10 pages

DP1033796

Subdivision of Lot 2 in DP 1015228
at Sutton, Parish of Goorooyaroo,
County of Murray
(see Sheet 1)

The name of the authority whose consent is required to any release variation or modification of the restriction fourthly referred to in the abovementioned plan is the NSW Department of Land & Water Conservation and the Yarrawlumba Shire Council or its successor.

EXECUTED BY B & J HALL PTY LIMITED
pursuant to S127 of the Corporations Law
in the presence of: AEN008 53 1119.

B. Hall
BRUCE HALL
DIRECTOR
Jewell Hall
JEWELL MAREA HALL
DIRECTOR

EXECUTED BY SRIDEEN PTY LIMITED
pursuant to S127 of the Corporations Law
in the presence of: ACN008 633 743

Ron Jeffery
RON JEFFERY
DIRECTOR
Nancye Jeffery
NANCY JEFFERY
DIRECTOR

SIGNED BY THE SAID KEVIN
EDWIN JOHN FORD in the
presence of:

Kevin E. Ford

Allan Roy Bedford

Signature of Witness
ALLAN ROY BEDFORD
SOLICITOR

Print full name of Witness
CANBERRA

Cnr. BREWER ST. & MELROSE DRIVE.
Address of Witness

Qualification

Melley Wise Theresa... Ron Jeffery

**INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228 AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT
1919**

Lengths in metres

Sheet 8 of 10 pages

DP1033796

Subdivision of Lot 2 in DP 1015228
at Sutton, Parish of Goorooyaroo,
County of Murray
(see Sheet 1)

SIGNED BY THE SAID IAN
DOUGLAS FORD in the presence of:]

Bedford

Ian Ford

Signature of Witness

ALLAN ROY BEDFORD
SOLICITOR

Print full name of Witness

Address of Witness

Qualification

SIGNED BY THE SAID MARIE
JEANETTE FORD in the presence of:]

Bedford

M. Ford

Signature of Witness

ALLAN ROY BEDFORD
SOLICITOR

Print full name of Witness

Address of Witness

Qualification

Molly Wise
Agencies

Trevor Jones
M. Ford

**INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228 AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT
1919**


Lengths in metres

Sheet 9 of 10 pages

DP1033796

Subdivision of Lot 2 in DP 1015228
at Sutton, Parish of Goorooyarroo,
County of Murray
(see Sheet 1)

SIGNED BY THE SAID TREVOR
PERCIVAL DUNCAN in the
presence of:

]
] 
]

Signature of Witness

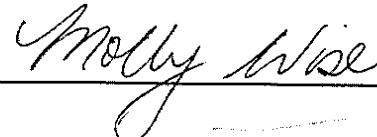
Print full name of Witness

DAVID IAN FUSSELL
31 LONDON CIRCUIT
CANBERRA
SOLICITOR

Address of Witness

Qualification

SIGNED BY THE SAID MOLLY
WISE in the
presence of:

]
] 
]

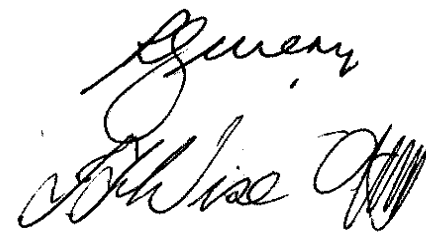
Signature of Witness

DAVID IAN FUSSELL
31 LONDON CIRCUIT
CANBERRA
SOLICITOR

Print full name of Witness

Address of Witness

Qualification



**INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY
SUPPLY IN LOT 3 DP 1015228 AND RESTRICTIONS AS TO USER INTENDED
TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT
1919**

Lengths in metres

Sheet 10 of 10 pages

DP1033796

Subdivision of Lot 2 in DP 1015228
at Sutton, Parish of Goorooyarroo,
County of Murray
(see Sheet 1)

SIGNED BY THE SAID JACK
FREDERICK WISE in the
presence of:

[Handwritten signature]

Signature of Witness

DAVID IAN FUSSELL
31 LONDON CIRCUIT
CANNBERRA
SOLICITOR

Print full name of Witness

Address of Witness

Qualification

Mortgagee under Mortgage No. 750172
Signed at Sydney this 23RD day of
NOVEMBER 2001 for National
Australia Bank Limited ABN 12 004 044 937
by ~~Fiona Mary~~ **FERGUSON** its duly appointed
Attorney under Power of Attorney
No. 549 Book 3834

Manager

[Handwritten signature]
Witness/Bank Officer **Kylie GRIFFITH**
255 George Street, Sydney NSW

Molly Wise

[Handwritten signature]



RP 13A



NEW SOUTH WALES
 PH 2. 20
 SOUTH WALES
MEMORANDUM OF TRANSFER
 REAL PROPERTY ACT, 1900

75 JUL 10 1997 P 3 8 24 7 4
 10 OFFICE USE ONLY

2	OX
5	18

 (3)

This form is for use where the short form of transfer is suitable.
 Typewriting and handwriting should be clear, legible and in permanent black non-erasing ink. No alterations should be made by erasure; the words rejected must be ruled through and verified by signature or initials in the margin.

(a) Full name, address and occupation of transferor.

LYNETTE MARGARET SALMON of Sutton Married Woman

hereinafter referred to as the TRANSFEROR

(b) If a less estate strikes out in fee simple and add appropriate estate.

being registered proprietor of an estate in fee simple^(b) in the land hereinafter described, subject to the following encumbrances and interests

(c) A short note will suffice. If an encumbrance is not yet registered particulars sufficient for identification must be furnished.

(c) Excepting thereout the minerals reserved by the Crown Grant

in consideration of **Twenty-nine thousand five hundred dollars** (\$ 29,500.00)

(d) Insert appropriate words. If desired, this space may be used in the case of a transfer by direction.

(the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged), paid to the transferor by^(d) **JACK FREDERICK WISE AND MOLLY WISE** hereby transfers to

(e) Full name, address and occupation of transferee. If more than one transferee state whether joint tenants or tenants in common. Unless otherwise stated tenants in common will be presumed to hold in equal shares.

(e) **JACK FREDERICK WISE** of 24 Dryandra Street, O'Connor in the Australian Capital Territory **and MOLLY WISE** of the same address his wife as joint tenants

hereinafter referred to as the TRANSFEREE

an estate in fee simple^(b) in the land described in the following schedule

See lot and plan number, section etc. See also sections 327 and 327AA Local Government Act, 1919.

Reference to title		Whole or Part	Description of land if part only ^(b)	County	Parish
Volume	Folio				
12657	7	Whole		Murray	Coorooyarroo

3 2892 13

Dated at QUEANBEYAN this twentieth day of MAY 1975

(b) Further proof of execution will not normally be required if signed or acknowledged before any of the following persons, not being a party to the dealing, to whom the transferor is known:
Where executed in New South Wales—bank manager, barrister, clerk of petty sessions, commissioned officer in the Defence Force of the Commonwealth of Australia, commissioner for taking affidavits, headmaster of school, judge, justice of the peace, magistrate, mayor or other chief officer of any local government corporation, medical practitioner, member of parliament of the Commonwealth or of a State, member of the police force of the Commonwealth or of a State or a Territory, minister of religion, notary public, postmaster, solicitor, town or shire clerk or other executive officer administering local government;
Where executed in any part of the Commonwealth of Australia or in any part of the British Commonwealth—any of the persons referred to above, and in addition, an Australian or British Consular Officer exercising his functions in the part, Government Resident, Chief Secretary or Registrar of Titles of the part;
Where executed in foreign countries—an Australian or British Consular Officer exercising his functions in the country, commissioned officer in the Defence Force of the Commonwealth of Australia, commissioner for taking affidavits, judge, justice of the peace, magistrate, mayor or other chief officer of any local government corporation, officer in charge of a police station, notary public, town or shire clerk or other executive officer administering local government.
(i) Repeat attestation clause (a), if necessary.
(j) Section 117 Real Property Act, 1900, requires that this certificate be signed by the transferee or, where his signature cannot be obtained without difficulty and delay, by his solicitor or conveyancer by his own name, which should be typewritten or printed below his signature, and not that of his firm. Any person falsely or negligently certifying is liable to the penalties provided by section 117.
(k) May be witnessed by any responsible person not being a party to this dealing.

(b) Signed in my presence by the transferor who is personally known to me

J Macmillan
Signature of witness
TJC MACMILLAN
Name of witness (BLOCK LETTERS)
SOLICITOR
Qualification of witness

Sydney Solomon
Transferor

(i)

(c) Signed in my presence by the transferee who is personally known to me

John David Branlon
Signature of witness
JOHN DAVID BRANLON
Name of witness (BLOCK LETTERS)
67 PETERSD ST. PAGE ACT.
Address of witness

Accepted and certified correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act, 1900.

Peter Noble
PETER NOBLE GUILD, Solicitor for the Transferees whose signatures cannot be obtained without undue difficulty and delay.
Peter Noble
Melby Wise

P 362424

<p style="text-align: center;">DEPARTMENTAL USE ONLY</p> <p>TRANSFER</p> <p style="font-size: 1.2em; margin-left: 20px;">(subject to consent)</p> <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width:10%; padding: 2px;">Checked</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">REGISTERED</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Passed</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">12-9-1975</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Signed</td> <td style="padding: 2px;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Registrar General</p> </div> </td> </tr> </table>	Checked	REGISTERED	Passed	12-9-1975	Signed	<div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Registrar General</p> </div>	<p style="text-align: center;">TO BE COMPLETED BY LODGING PARTY</p> <p>Lodged by G. KENYON & SONS Law Stationers Address: 155 Castlereagh St., Sydney Phone No.: Phone 61-8614</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Documents lodged herewith</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. <u>ST 15/9</u> 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____ <table border="1" style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width:60%; padding: 2px;">Received Documents <u>1</u></td> <td style="width:40%; padding: 2px;">Receiving Clerk </td> </tr> </table> <p style="text-align: center;">AUTHORITY FOR USE OF INSTRUMENT OF TITLE^(l)</p> <p>Authority is hereby given for the use of _____ (insert reference to certificates, grants or dealings) lodged in connection with _____ for the (insert number of plan or dealing) registration of this dealing and for delivery to _____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(BLOCK LETTERS)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">_____ Signature</p> <p style="text-align: center;">_____ Name (BLOCK LETTERS)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">MEMORANDUM AS TO NON-REVOCAION OF POWER OF ATTORNEY (To be signed at the time of executing the within dealing)</p> <p>The undersigned states that he has no notice of the revocation of the Power of Attorney registered No. _____</p> <p>Miscellaneous Register under the authority of which he has just executed the within dealing.</p> <p>Signed at _____ the _____ day of _____ 19 _____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">_____ Signature of attorney</p> <p style="text-align: center;">_____ Signature of witness</p> <p style="text-align: center;">CERTIFICATE OF J.P., &c., TAKING DECLARATION OF ATTESTING WITNESS^(m)</p> <p>I certify that _____ the attesting witness to this dealing, appeared before me at _____ the _____ day of _____ 19 _____ and declared that he personally knew _____ _____ the person signing the same, and whose signature thereto he has attested, and that the name purporting to be such signature of the said _____ _____ is his own handwriting and that he was of sound mind and freely and voluntarily signed the same.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">_____ Signature</p> <p style="text-align: center;">_____ Name (BLOCK LETTERS)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">_____ Qualification</p>	Received Documents <u>1</u>	Receiving Clerk
Checked	REGISTERED								
Passed	12-9-1975								
Signed	<div style="text-align: center;"> <p>Registrar General</p> </div>								
Received Documents <u>1</u>	Receiving Clerk								

(l) Unless the instrument of title has been lodged by the person lodging the dealing, or its use has been authorised previously, the authority must be furnished by the person otherwise entitled to delivery of the certificate of title, grant &c.

(m) Not required where dealing attested in accordance with note (b); in other cases to be signed by one of the persons referred to in note (b).

D

M.P.D.

**QUEANBEYAN-PALERANG REGIONAL COUNCIL
SECTION 10.7(2) PLANNING CERTIFICATE**

issued under
Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979

Infotrack
GPO Box 4029
SYDNEY NSW 2001

Certificate No.: PL.2025.2488
Your Reference: 246908

ecertificates@infotrack.com.au

Subject Land:

Property Number:	345927
Property Address:	33 Robertson Road WAMBOIN NSW 2620
Legal Description:	Lot 17 DP 1033796

This certificate is provided under Section 10.7(2) of the Act. At the date of this certificate, the subject land is affected by the following matters:

1. Names of relevant instruments and development control plans

1.1. The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

1.1.1 Local Environmental Plan

Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional Local Environmental Plan 2022

<https://legislation.nsw.gov.au/view/html/inforce/current/epi-2022-0600>

1.1.2 State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs):

- *SEPP (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021*
- *SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*
- *SEPP (Housing) 2021*
- *SEPP (Industry and Employment) 2021*
- *SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021*
- *SEPP (Precincts - Regional) 2021*
- *SEPP (Primary Production) 2021*
- *SEPP (Resilience and Hazards) 2021*
- *SEPP (Resources and Energy) 2021*
- *SEPP (Sustainable Buildings) 2022*
- *SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021*

www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/browse/inforce#/epi/title/s

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E: council@qprc.nsw.gov.au
W: www.qprc.nsw.gov.au

ABN 95 933 070 982

1.1.3 Development Control Plan

Lot 17 DP 1033796

Palerang Development Control Plan 2015

www.qprc.nsw.gov.au/Building-Development/Planning-Zoning/Planning-controls#section-3

- 1.2. The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

Proposed environmental planning instrument means a draft environmental planning instrument and includes a planning proposal for a local environmental plan.

1.2.1. Draft Local Environmental Plans

Application No	Description
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PP.2024.0006	Housekeeping Amendment 2024 to QPRLEP 2022
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www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/ppr

1.2.2. Draft State Environmental Planning Policies (SEPPs):

- SEPP (Housing) 2021
- SEPP (Planning Systems) 2021
- SEPP (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

www.planning.nsw.gov.au/policy-and-legislation/state-environmental-planning-policies

1.2.3. Draft Development Control Plans (DCPs):

Lot 17 DP 1033796	No.
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2. Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

2.1. Identity of the zone:

Lot 17 DP 1033796 C4 Environmental Living

2.2 **C4 Environmental Living - *Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional LEP 2022***

1. Objectives of zone
 - **To provide for low-impact residential development in areas with special ecological, scientific or aesthetic values.**
 - **To ensure that residential development does not have an adverse effect on those values.**
 - **To encourage development that is visually compatible with the landscape.**
 - **To minimise the impact of development on the natural environment.**
 - **To ensure development does not unreasonably increase the demand for public services or public facilities.**
2. Permitted without consent
Extensive agriculture; Home businesses; Home occupations.
3. Permitted with consent
Agritourism; Animal boarding or training establishments; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Cellar door premises; Community facilities; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Emergency services facilities; Environmental protection works; Farm buildings; Farm stay accommodation; Flood mitigation works; Function centres; Home-based child care; Home industries; Information and education facilities; Intensive plant agriculture; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Plant nurseries; Pond-based aquaculture; Recreation areas; Restaurants or cafes; Roads; Roadside stalls; Secondary dwellings; Tank-based aquaculture; Water reticulation systems; Water storage facilities.
4. Prohibited
Industries; Local distribution premises; Service stations; Turf farming; Warehouse or distribution centres; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3.

Note: Demolition of a building or work requires consent under clause 2.7 of *Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional Local Environmental Plan 2022*.

NOTE: Refer to the [NSW Planning Portal Spatial Viewer](#) Land Zoning Map to view the map of applicable land use zones (online digital mapping).

2.3. Listed below are additional site specific permitted uses (only with development consent) from Schedule 1 of *Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional Local Environmental Plan 2022*.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 There are no additional uses permitted on this land.

- 2.4. Minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land fixed by development standards applying to the land:

Lot 17 DP 1033796

C4 - Environmental Living

The minimum lot size for the erection of a dwelling house is 60,000 square metres, unless the lot:

(a) is a lot created in accordance with clause 4.1, 4.1AA, 4.1A, 4.1D, 4.1E, 7.24, 7.25 or 7.26 of Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional Local Environmental Plan 2022, or

(b) is a lot created before the commencement of Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional Local Environmental Plan 2022 and on which the erection of a dwelling was permissible immediately before that commencement, or

(c) is a lot resulting from a subdivision for which development consent (or equivalent) was granted before the commencement of Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional Local Environmental Plan 2022 and on which the erection of a dwelling would have been permissible if the plan of subdivision had been registered before that commencement, or

(d) an existing holding, or

(e) would have been a lot or a holding specified in paragraphs (a) - (d) had it not been affected by:

(i) a minor realignment of boundaries that did not create an additional lot, or

(ii) a subdivision creating or widening a public road or public reserve or for another public purpose, or

(iii) a consolidation with an adjoining public road or public reserve, or for another public purpose.

NOTE: Refer to the [NSW Planning Portal](#) to view the map of applicable Lot Size Map (PDF format).

- 2.5. Whether the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*:

Lot 17 DP 1033796

No.

- 2.6. Whether the land is in a conservation area:

Lot 17 DP 1033796

No.

- 2.7. Whether an item of environmental heritage is located on the land:

Lot 17 DP 1033796

No.

3. Contributions plans

- 3.1. The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans:

Lot 17 DP 1033796	Yarrowlumla Council Section 94 Contributions Plan No. 2 for Provisions of Access Roads.
Lot 17 DP 1033796	Yarrowlumla Council Section 94 Contributions Plan No. 3 for Provision of Community Facilities.
Lot 17 DP 1033796	Palerang Council Section 94A Development Contributions Plan 2015.

www.qprc.nsw.gov.au/Building-Development/Planning-Zoning/Planning-controls#section-6

- 3.2. If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area:

Lot 17 DP 1033796	No.
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- 3.3. If the land is in a special contributions area to which a continued 7.23 determination applies, the name of the area:

Lot 17 DP 1033796	No.
--------------------------	------------

4. Complying Development

- 4.1. If the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A (1) (c)-(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18 (1) (c3) or 1.19.

Zone C4 Environmental Living Lot 17 DP 1033796	Land on which complying development may be carried out
Part 3 Housing Code	Not Applicable
Part 3A Rural Housing Code	Not Applicable
Part 3B Low Rise Housing Diversity Code	Not Applicable
Part 3BA Pattern Book Development Code	Not Applicable
Part 3C Greenfield Housing Code	Not Applicable
Part 3D Inland Code	Not Applicable
Part 4 Housing Alterations Code	Yes
Part 4A General Development Code	Yes
Part 5 Industrial and Business Alterations Code	Yes
Part 5A Industrial and Business Buildings Code	Not Applicable
Part 5B Container Recycling Facilities Code	Not Applicable
Part 6 Subdivisions Code	Yes
Part 7 Demolition Code	Yes
Part 8 Fire Safety Code	Yes
Part 9 Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code	Not Applicable

Specific land exemptions may apply only to part of a lot. Nothing in clause 1.19 *SEPP (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008* prevents complying development being carried out on part of a lot that is not land referred to in clause 1.19 even if other parts of the lot are such land.

- 4.2. If complying development may not be carried out on that land because of one of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

Not Applicable.	
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- 4.3. If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

Lot 17 DP 1033796

The Inland Code is varied.

5. Exempt development

- 5.1. If the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)-(d) or 1.16A.

Does the land meet the requirements under Clause 1.16(1)(b1)-(d) as land on which exempt development may be carried out for the following exempt development codes:

5.1.1. Division 1 General Exempt Development Code

Lot 17 DP 1033796 Yes.

5.1.2. Division 2 Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code

Lot 17 DP 1033796 Yes.

5.1.3. Division 3 Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code

Lot 17 DP 1033796 Yes.

Refer also to Part 3 and Schedule 2 of *Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional Local Environmental Plan 2022*. This Schedule contains additional exempt development not specified in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*. Note that exempt development may be carried out without the need for development consent under the Act, however, such development is not exempt from any approval, licence, permit or authority that is required under any other Act and adjoining owners' property rights and the common law still apply.

- 5.2. If exempt development may not be carried out on that land because of one of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

5.2.1. Division 1 General Exempt Development Code

Lot 17 DP 1033796 Not applicable.

5.2.2. Division 2 Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code

Lot 17 DP 1033796 Not applicable.

5.2.3. Division 3 Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code

Lot 17 DP 1033796 Not applicable.

- 5.3. If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

Not applicable.

6. Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

Affected building notice has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*, Part 4.

Building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the *Building Products (Safety) Act 2017*

- 6.1. Is there any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land?

No.

- 6.2. Is there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and

No.

- 6.3. Whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

No.

7. Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

8. Road widening and road realignment

- 8.1. Is the land affected by a road widening or road realignment under Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*?

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

- 8.2. Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any environmental planning instrument?

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

- 8.3. Is the land affected by any road widening or road realignment under any resolution of the Council?

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

9. Flood related development controls information

Flood planning area has the same meaning as in the *Flood Risk Management Manual*.

Flood Risk Management Manual means the *Flood Risk Management Manual (ISBN 978-1-923076-17-4)* published by the NSW Government in June 2023.

Probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the *Flood Risk Management Manual*.

- 9.1. Whether the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and is subject to flood related development controls.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

<https://www.qprc.nsw.gov.au/Building-Development/Planning-Zoning/Planning-Controls#section-8>

- 9.2. Whether the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and is subject to flood related development controls.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

10. Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Is the land affected by a policy adopted by council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or any other risk (other than flooding)?

Adopted policy means a policy adopted—

(a) by the council, or

(b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

- 10.1. Tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils, coastal hazards and sea level rise:

No.

- 10.2. Bushfire:

All land in QPRC is affected by policies adopted by the council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of bushfire. Refer to Clause 11 of this certificate to check if the land is bushfire prone.

- 10.3. Contamination:

All land in QPRC is affected by policies adopted by the council that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of contamination. Refer to Clause 12 of this certificate to check if the land has been identified in the Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register.

Lot 17 DP 1033796

The land has not been assessed for the likelihood of contamination by Council considering past uses or results of systematic testing. It is not known if Contaminated Land provisions of the Development Control Plan or the relevant State legislation, apply.

- 10.4. Salinity:

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

10.5. Highly erodible soils:

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

10.6. Slopes over 18 degrees:

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

10.7. Aircraft noise:

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

<https://www.canberraairport.com.au/corporate/community/aircraft-noise/>

10.8. Land near Cooma Road Quarry:

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

10.9. Land near Hume Industrial Area and Goulburn to Bombala Railway Line:

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

11. Bushfire prone land

Is the land bushfire prone?

Lot 17 DP 1033796

Yes. The land is fully bushfire prone as defined in Section 10.3 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979. Refer to the relevant Development Control Plan [clause 1 of this certificate].

12. Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division.

No.

Council is not aware of any residential premises on the land that are affected by loose-fill asbestos insulation (Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) and that are listed on the NSW register that is required to be maintained under that Division.

NSW Fair Trading maintains a NSW Register of homes that are affected by loose-fill asbestos insulation: www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/loose-fill-asbestos-insulation-register

Some buildings located in the Queanbeyan-Palerang local government area have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation (sometimes referred to as “Mr Fluffy” insulation), for example, in the roof space. You should make your own enquiries as to the age of the buildings on the land to which this certificate relates.

If the land contains a building constructed prior to 1980, Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional Council strongly recommends that any potential purchaser obtains advice from a licensed asbestos assessor to determine whether loose-fill asbestos is present in any building on the land; and, if so, the health risks (if any) this may pose for the building’s occupants.

Nothing in this statement relates to information about the presence of bonded asbestos materials such as asbestos cement sheeting that may have been used at this site.

Contact NSW Fair Trading for further information:

<https://www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au/housing-and-property/loose-fill-asbestos-insulation>

13. Mine subsidence

Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

No.

14. Paper subdivision information

The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

No.

15. Property Vegetation Plans

Whether Council has been notified that a property vegetation plan under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003* applies to the land.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 No.

16. Biodiversity stewardship sites

Whether the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 No.

17. Biodiversity certified land

Whether the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 **No.**

18. Orders under *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006*

Whether Council has been notified whether an order has been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

No.

19. Annual charges under *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

In relation to a coastal council—whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Not applicable.

20. Western Sydney Aerotropolis

For land to which *State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts-Western Parkland City) 2021* applies, whether the land is:

- 20.1. in an ANEF or ANEC contour of 20 or greater as referred to in that Chapter, section 4.17, or
- 20.2. shown on the Lighting Intensity and Wind Shear Map, or
- 20.3. shown on the Obstacle Limitation Surface Map, or
- 20.4. in the “public safety area” on the Public Safety Area Map, or
- 20.5. in the “3 kilometre wildlife buffer zone” or the “13 kilometre wildlife buffer zone” on the Wildlife Buffer Zone Map.

Not applicable.

21. Development consent for seniors housing

If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, are there any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in that Policy, section 88(2)? Section 88(2) restricts who may occupy seniors housing accommodation.

Application No	Description
----------------	-------------

Not applicable.

22. Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

22.1. Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land:

former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*.

No.

22.2. If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, are there any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1)? Section 21(1) or 40(1) specify certain conditions to be met for a period of at least 15 years commencing on the day an occupation certificate is issued.

Application No	Description
----------------	-------------

Not applicable.

22.3. Are there any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1)? Section 17(1) or 38(1) specify certain conditions to be met for a period of at least 10 years commencing on the day an occupation certificate is issued.

Application No	Description
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Not applicable.

23. Water or sewerage services

Whether water or sewerage services are provided to, or to be provided to, the land under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006*.

Note: A public water utility may not be the provider of some or all of the services to the land. If a water or sewerage service is provided to the land by a licensee under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006*, a contract for the service will be deemed to have been entered into between the licensee and the owner of the land. A register relating to approvals and licences necessary for the provision of water or sewerage services under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006* is maintained by the Independent Pricing and Regulatory Tribunal and provides information about the areas serviced, or to be serviced, under that Act. Purchasers should check the register to understand who will service the property. Outstanding charges for water or sewerage services provided under the *Water Industry Competition Act 2006* become the responsibility of the purchaser.

Not applicable.

24. Special entertainment precincts

Whether the land or part of the land is in a special entertainment precinct within the meaning of the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 202B.

A **special entertainment precinct** is an area in which—

- (a) sound from entertainment activity from premises in the area is regulated in accordance with a precinct management plan, and
- (b) requirements about sound attenuation included in a precinct management plan apply to certain types of development in the area, and
- (c) dedicated live music and performance venues are authorised to trade for an additional 60 minutes under the *Liquor Act 2007*, section 12A(4).

No.

Matters prescribed by section 59(2) Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

- (a) Whether there is land to which a certificate relates regarding significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 No.

- (b) Whether there is land to which a certificate relates regarding being subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 No.

- (c) Whether there is land to which a certificate relates regarding the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 No.

- (d) Whether there is land to which a certificate relates regarding being subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 No.

- (e) Whether there is land to which a certificate relates regarding being the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act.

Lot 17 DP 1033796 No.

Note: Land that has been notified to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as being potentially contaminated is identified on the EPA's List of notified sites. This list contains information about contamination orders and other regulatory actions that may be under assessment or in force under Section 60 of the *Contaminated Lands Management Act 1997*.

<https://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/Your-environment/Contaminated-land/notified-and-regulated-contaminated-land/list-of-notified-sites>

Additional notes

No additional notes.

Notes and disclaimer

1. The information in this certificate only relates to the real property identifier associated with the property and not to any licence or permissive occupancy that may be attached to and included in the property details contained in the description of the land.
2. The NSW *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* is referred to in this Certificate as 'the Act'.
3. This certificate contains information provided to Council by third parties and is as current as the latest information available to Council at the time of production of this document. Council does not warrant the accuracy of the information contained within the information provided by third parties and has not independently verified the information. It is strongly recommended that you contact the relevant third parties to confirm the accuracy of the information.

Checked: JB



Rebecca Ryan
General Manager
Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional Council

14 November 2025

NSW SWIMMING POOL REGISTER

Certificate of Registration

Section 30C – Swimming Pools Act 1992

Pool No:	71108cc0
Property Address:	33 ROBERTSON ROAD WAMBOIN
Date of Registration:	11 November 2025
Type of Pool:	An indoor pool
Description of Pool:	in ground

The swimming pool at the above premises has been registered in accordance with Section 30B of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.

The issue of this certificate does not negate the need for regular maintenance of the pool.

Please remember:

- Children should be supervised by an adult at all times when using your pool
- Regular pool barrier maintenance
- Pool gates must be closed at all times
- Don't place climbable articles against your pool barrier
- Remove toys from the pool area after use

You may be required to obtain a Pool Compliance Certificate before you lease or sell your property. Contact your council for further information.

This is NOT a Certificate of Compliance

NSW SWIMMING POOL REGISTER

Certificate of Compliance

Section 22D – Swimming Pools Act 1992

Pool No:	71108cc0
Property Address:	33 ROBERTSON ROAD WAMBOIN
Expiry Date:	08 December 2028
Issuing Authority:	Queanbeyan-Palerang Regional Council

Complied with AS1926.1 (2012).

The swimming pool at the above property complies with Part 2 of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*. The issue of this certificate does not negate the need for regular maintenance of the swimming pool barrier to ensure it is compliant with the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.

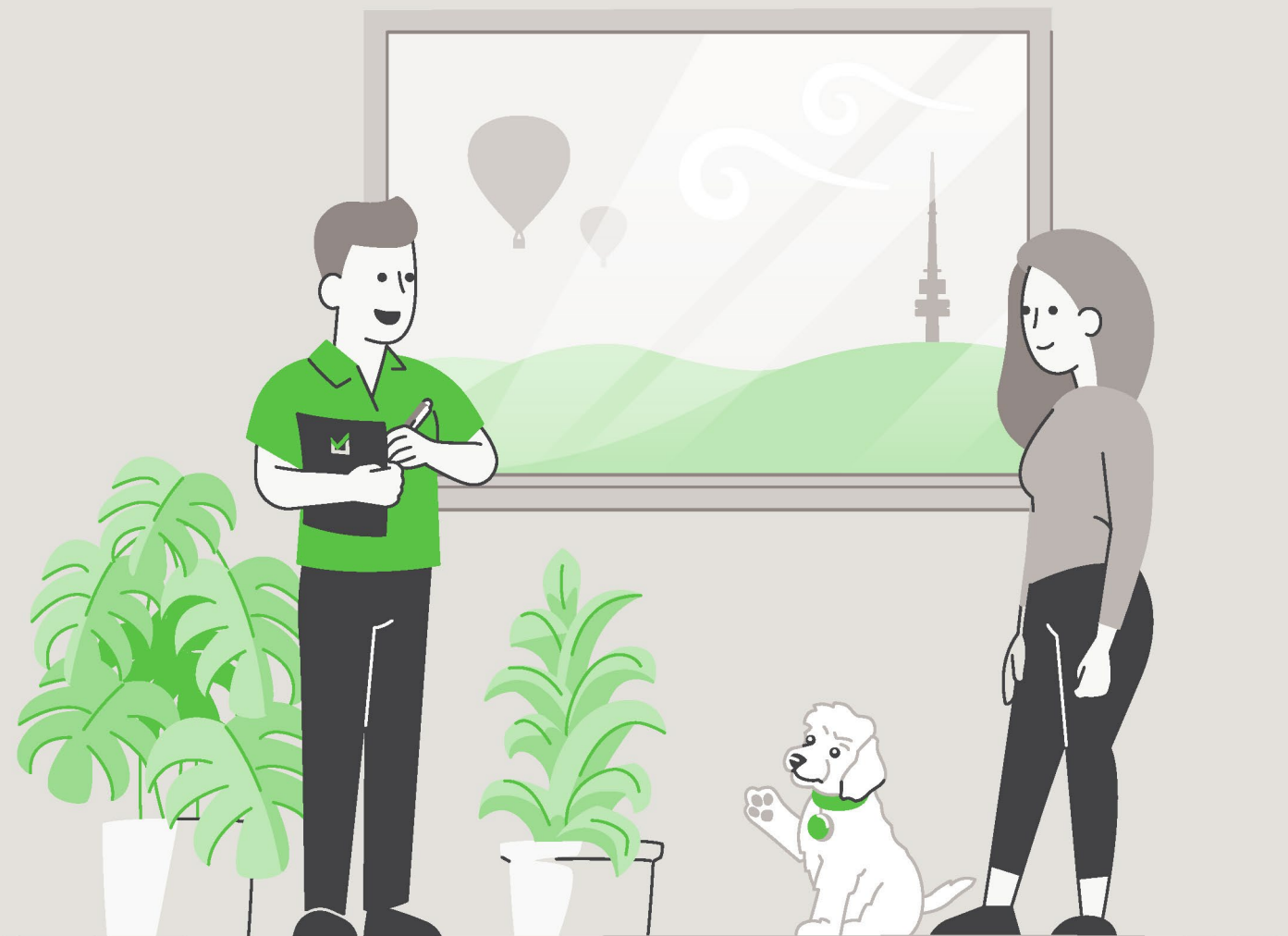
This certificate ceases to be valid if a direction is issued pursuant to Section 23 of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.

The swimming pool at the above property is not required to be inspected under the inspection program of the local authority while this certificate of compliance remains valid pursuant to Section 22B(3) of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*.

Please remember:

- Children should be supervised by an adult at all times when using your pool
- Regular pool barrier maintenance
- Pool gates must be closed at all times
- Don't place climbable articles against your pool barrier
- Remove toys from the pool area after use

Report



Building Report



CONCLUSION AND SUMMARY

The purpose of the Inspection is to identify the major defects and safety hazards associated with the property at the time of the Inspection. The Inspection and reporting are limited to a visual assessment of the Building Members in accord with Appendix C AS4349.1-2007.

The overall condition of this building has been compared to similar constructed buildings of approximately the same age where those buildings have had a maintenance program implemented to ensure that the building members are still fit for purpose.

The incidence of Major Defects in this Residential Building as compared with similar Buildings is considered: **Low**

The incidence of Minor Defects in this Residential Building as compared with similar Buildings is considered: **Low**

The overall condition of this Residential Dwelling in the context of its age, type and general expectations of similar properties is: **Above Average**

Please Note: This is a general appraisal only and cannot be relied upon on its own – read the Report in its entirety.

This Summary is supplied to allow a quick and superficial overview of the Inspection results. This Summary is NOT the Report and cannot be relied upon on its own. This Summary must be read in conjunction with the full Report and not in isolation from the Report. If there should happen to be any discrepancy between anything in the Report and anything in this Summary, the information in the Report shall override that in this Summary.

PROPERTY STATISTICS

Building Report	Above Average
Pest Inspection	No active subterranean termites (live specimen) were found
Inspection Date	Friday, December 19 th 2025
Name of Assessor	Duncan Clark
Reference Number	67227
Address of Property Inspected	33 Robertson Road, Wamboin NSW 2620
Client	Huntley
Lot & Plan Number	17/-/DP1033796
Weather conditions at time of Inspection	Fine
Occupancy Status	Occupied

*The table above is to be used as a quick reference. Please read the full Report before reaching your conclusion regarding the condition of the Property.

PROPERTY CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

Flooring	Concrete slab
External walls	Brick veneer
Roof framing	Timber: Truss roof framing
Roof cladding	Colorbond roof cladding
Glazing	Double glazed windows
Cooktop	Freestanding gas cooktop and electric oven
Dishwasher	Euromaid

* Whilst every care has been taken to ensure the accuracy of the property construction details, we accept no responsibility for any inaccuracies of construction details or testing of appliances.

GENERAL ACCESS LIMITATIONS

Internal	At the time of inspection, the buildings were furnished. This allows for a limited inspection in areas not restricted by furnishings, stored goods, floor mats, etc.
External	The inspection was limited to within 50 meters of the main residence
Roof void	NOTE. Inspection around the eaves was restricted due to low pitch and clearance to allow bodily access in this area. This allows only for a limited visual inspection from a distance to be carried out. Other restrictions found in the roof void: Insulation on top of ceiling restricting visual inspection of the ceiling framing
On-top of roof	The inspection was restricted to visually looking from a 3.6m ladder lent against the gutter in several areas around the building
Garage	The inspection of the garage was restricted due to stored goods being kept in the area at the time of inspection

*Where access is noted as limited or restricted, it is recommended that access be gained to these areas as these areas may contain concealed defects.

DEFINITIONS

Good	The item is in the Inspector's opinion of an acceptable standard with no defects visible. Superficial defects will not be commented on
Fair	The item in the Inspector's opinion has some minor defects and requires minimal maintenance or repair
Poor	The item in the Inspector's opinion needs significant repair or replacement

ENTRANCE

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	The screen door is binding. Recommend adjustment
Floor coverings	Good

LIVING ROOM

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good

KITCHEN/FAMILY/MEALS AREA

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Kitchen cupboards	Good
Bench top	Good
Splashback	Good
Exhaust fan	The exhaust fan was operational at the time of inspection

STUDY

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Floor coverings	Good

BEDROOM 1

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Wardrobe	Good

BEDROOM 2

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Wardrobe	Good

BEDROOM 3

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Wardrobe	Good

BEDROOM 4

Ceiling	Good
Walls	There is a small hole in the wall. This is a cosmetic defect only
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Wardrobe	Good

ENSUITE

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Shower screen	A shower screen is not installed. Recommend installation of a shower screen to contain the shower recess.
Water leakage in shower area?	There was no water leakage detected
Floor and wall tiles in shower area	Good
Vanity/Basin	Good
Taps	Good
Bath	Good
Toilet suite	Good
Exhaust fan	The exhaust fan was operational at the time of inspection

BATHROOM

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Shower screen	The shower is open on one side. Installation of a shower curtain or screen may be a consideration
Water leakage in shower area?	There was no water leakage detected
Floor and wall tiles in shower area	Good. The tiles have been painted. Sections of the paint are flaking.
Vanity/Basin	Good
Taps	Good
Bath	Good
Toilet suite	Good
Exhaust fan	The exhaust fan was operational at the time of inspection

TOILET

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Toilet suite	Good

LAUNDRY

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Laundry tub	Good
Splashback	Good

ROOF CAVITY

Construction	Good
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EXTERIOR

Driveway and paths	Good. No major cracking noted
Roof covering	Good
Roof flashings	Good
Eaves	Good
Fascia	Good
Gutters	Good
External walls	Various areas of minor cracking noted in the external walls. The cracking found was not of major structural significance
Windows	Good
Gate	Good
Pool shed/pool bathroom and outdoor area	There are signs that the gutters are holding water in areas. Recommend adjusting the gutter brackets to promote the rainwater runoff to drain towards the downpipes No assessment has been undertaken of the pool safety
Pergola	There is a damaged roof sheet. Replacement may be a consideration The end beam to the front timber pergola is over spanned. The addition of a post may be a consideration.
Carport	Good
Site drainage	Areas of the site are draining towards the machinery shed/studio. Recommend adjustments of the ground levels or installation of additional drainage.

STUDIO
ENTRANCE

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	The door architrave and skirting boards are suffering from water damage due to the site draining towards the entry. Recommend repairs to the external drainage or installation of additional drains
Floor coverings	Good

HOBBY ROOM

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good

KITCHENETTE AND LIVING AREA

Ceiling	Good
Walls	There is water damage to a section of skirting adjacent to the external wall. Repairs to the drainage have been carried out to the exterior of the building
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good

ENSUITE

Ceiling	Good
Walls	Good
Door and door hardware	Good
Floor coverings	Good
Shower screen	Good
Water leakage in shower area?	There was no water leakage detected
Floor and wall tiles in shower area	Good
Vanity/Basin	Good
Taps	Good
Bath	Good
Toilet suite	Good
Exhaust fan	The exhaust fan was operational at the time of inspection

MACHINERY SHED

Roof covering	Good
Fascia	Good
Gutters	Good
Slab	Good. No major cracking noted
Walls	Good
Garage door	Good
Is an auto opener installed on the roller door?	Yes
Access door	Good

DEFINITIONS

Above Average: The overall condition is above that consistent with dwellings of approximately the same age and construction. Most items and areas are well maintained and show a reasonable standard of workmanship when compared with buildings of similar age and construction.

Average: The overall condition is consistent with dwellings of approximately the same age and construction. There will be areas or items requiring some repair or maintenance.

Below Average: The Building and its parts show some significant defects and/or very poor non-tradesman like workmanship and/or long-term neglect and/or defects requiring major repairs or reconstruction of major building elements.

Client: The person or persons, for whom the Inspection Report was carried out or their Principal (i.e., the person or persons for whom the report is being obtained).

Building Consultant: A person, business or company who is qualified and experienced to undertake a pre-purchase inspection in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4349.1-2007 'Inspection of Buildings. Part 1: Pre-Purchase Inspections – Residential Buildings'. The consultant must also meet any Government licensing requirement, where applicable.

Building & Site: The inspection of the nominated residence together with relevant features including any car accommodation, detached laundry, ablution facilities and garden sheds, retaining walls more than 700 mm high, paths and driveways, steps, fencing, earth, embankments, surface water drainage and storm water run-off within 30 m of the building, but within the property boundaries. In the case of strata and company title properties, the inspection is limited to the interior and immediate exterior of the nominated residence and does not include inspection of common property.

Readily Accessible Areas: Areas which can be easily and safely inspected without injury to person or property, are up to 3.6 metres above ground or floor levels or accessible from a 3.6 metre ladder, in roof spaces where the minimum area of accessibility is not less than 600 mm high by 600 mm wide and subfloor spaces where the minimum area of accessibility is not less than 400 mm high by 600 mm wide, providing the spaces or areas permit entry. Or where these clearances are not available, areas within the consultant's unobstructed line of sight and within arm's length.

Structure: The loadbearing part of the building, comprising the Primary Elements.

Primary Elements: Those parts of the building providing the basic loadbearing capacity to the Structure, such as foundations, footings, floor framing, loadbearing walls, beams, or columns. The term 'Primary Elements' also includes other structural building elements including those that provide a level of personal protection such as handrails; floor-to-floor access such as stairways; and the structural flooring of the building such as floorboards.

Secondary Elements: Those parts of the building not providing loadbearing capacity to the Structure, or those non-essential elements which, in the main, perform a completion role around openings in Primary Elements and the building in general such as non-loadbearing walls, partitions, wall linings, ceilings, chimneys, flashings, windows, glazing or doors.

Finishing Elements: The fixtures, fittings and finishes applied or affixed to Primary Elements and Secondary Elements such as baths, water closets, vanity basins, kitchen cupboards, door furniture, window hardware, render, floor, and wall tiles, trim or paint. The term 'Finishing Elements' does not include furniture or soft floor coverings such as carpet and lino.

Major Defect: A defect of significant magnitude where rectification has to be carried out in order to avoid unsafe conditions, loss of utility or further deterioration of the property.

Minor Defect: A defect other than a Major Defect.

Safety Hazard: Any item that may constitute an immediate or imminent risk to life, health, or property. Occupational, health and safety or any other consequence of these hazards has not been assessed.

Tests: Where appropriate the carrying out of tests using the following procedures and instruments:

Dampness Tests means additional attention to the visual examination was given to those accessible areas which the consultant's experience has shown to be particularly susceptible to damp problems. Instrument testing using electronic moisture detecting meter of those areas and other visible accessible elements of construction showing evidence of dampness was performed. Physical Tests means the following physical actions undertaken by the consultant: opening and shutting of doors, windows and draws; operation of taps; water testing of shower recesses; and the tapping of tiles and wall plaster.

IMPORTANT ADVICE

NB. In the case of strata and company title properties, the Inspection is limited to the interior and immediate exterior of the particular unit being inspected. The exterior above ground floor level is not inspected. The complete Inspection of other common property areas would be the subject of a Special-Purpose Inspection Report which is adequately specified.

Trees: Where trees are too close to the house this could affect the performance of the footing as the moisture levels change in the ground. A Geotechnical Inspection can determine the foundation material and provide advice on the best course of action with regards to the trees.

The Septic Tanks: Should be inspected by a licensed plumber.

Swimming Pools: Swimming Pools/Spas are not part of the Standard Building Report under AS4349.1-2007 and are not covered by this Report. We strongly recommend a pool expert should be consulted to examine the pool and the pool equipment and plumbing, as well as the requirements to meet the standard for pool fencing. Failure to conduct this Inspection and put into place the necessary recommendations could result in finds for non-compliance under the legislation.

Surface Water Drainage: The retention of water from surface run off could have an effect on the foundation material which in turn could affect the footings to the house. Best practice is to monitor the flow of surface water during rainfall and stormwater runoff and have the water directed away from the house or to storm water pipes by a licensed plumber/drainier.

Weep Holes: External brick (and stone) walls are a porous material that behave much like a sponge. During a rain event, the masonry wall absorbs water and actually stores it. The weep holes are designed for two purposes. 1. To provide an opening to allow water to drain out through the bottom of the wall. 2. To allow ventilating air to enter behind the wall to help dry the structure. If weep holes have been noted as being not installed, it is recommended to consult a builder on how to best rectify the problem.

Water Leaks from Roof: The inspector cannot, and does not, offer an opinion on whether the roof currently leaks or may be subject to future leaks. The only way to determine whether a roof is absolutely watertight is to make observations during prolonged rainfall.

Subfloor dampness: The presence of dampness is not always consistent as the prevailing and recent weather conditions at the time an inspection is carried out may affect the detection of damp problems. The absence of any dampness at the time of inspection does not necessarily mean the building will not experience some damp problems in other weather conditions. Likewise, whether or not services have been used for some time prior to an inspection being carried out will affect the detection of dampness.

Shower: Where a shower recess has been water tested, and no leakage was evident, this does not necessarily mean that the shower will not leak after prolonged use. Accordingly, to fully detect and assess a damp problem may require the monitoring of the building over a period of time.

SCOPE AND LIMITATIONS

Any person who relies upon the contents of this Report does so acknowledging that the following clauses, which define the Scope and Limitations of the Inspection, form an integral part of the Report.

1) This Report is not an all-encompassing Report dealing with the building from every aspect. It is a reasonable attempt to identify any obvious or significant defects apparent at the time of the Inspection. Whether or not a defect is considered significant or not, depends to a large extent upon the age and type of the building inspected. This Report is not a Certificate of Compliance with the requirements of any Act, Regulation, Ordinance or By-law. It is not a structural Report. Should you require any advice of a structural nature you should contact a structural engineer.

2) This is a visual Inspection only, limited to those areas and sections of the property fully accessible and visible to the Inspector on the date of Inspection. The Inspection DID NOT include breaking apart, dismantling, removing, or moving objects including, but not limited to, foliage, mouldings, roof insulation/sisalation, floor or wall coverings, sidings, ceilings, floors, furnishings, appliances, or personal possessions. The inspector CANNOT see inside walls, between floors, inside skillion roofing, behind stored goods in cupboards and other areas that are concealed or obstructed. The inspector DID NOT dig, gouge, force or perform any other invasive procedures. Visible timbers CANNOT be destructively probed or hit without the written permission of the property owner.

3) This Report does not and cannot make comment upon: Defects that may have been concealed; the assessment or detection of defects (including rising damp and leaks) which may be subject to the prevailing weather conditions; whether or not services have been used for some time prior to the Inspection and whether this will affect the detection of leaks or other defects (e.g. In the case of shower enclosures the absence of any dampness at the time of the inspection does not necessarily mean that the enclosure will not leak); the presence or absence of timber pests; gas-fittings; common property areas; environmental concerns; the proximity of the property to flight paths, railways, or busy traffic; noise levels; health and safety issues; heritage concerns; security concerns; fire protection; site drainage (apart from **surface** water drainage); swimming pools and spas (non-structural); detection and identification of illegal building work; detection and identification of illegal plumbing work; durability of exposed finishes; neighbourhood problems; document analysis; electrical installation; any matters that are solely regulated by statute; any area(s) or item(s) that could not be inspected by the consultant.

Accordingly, this Report is NOT a guarantee that defects and/or damage does not exist in any inaccessible or partly inaccessible areas or sections of the property.

NB. Such matters may, upon request, be covered under the terms of a 'Special-Purpose Property Report'.

4) Consumer Complaints Procedure: In the event of any dispute or claim arising out of, or relating to the Inspection or the Report, you must notify us as soon as possible of the dispute or claim by email, fax, or mail. You must allow us (which includes persons nominated by us) to visit the property (which visit must occur within twenty eight (28) days of your notification to us) and give us full access in order that we may fully investigate the complaint. You will be provided with a written response to your dispute or claim within twenty-eight (28) days of the date of the Inspection.

If you are not satisfied with our response, you must within twenty one (21) days of your receipt of our written response, refer the matter to a Mediator nominated by us from the Institute of Arbitrators and Mediators of Australia. The cost of the Mediator will be borne equally by both parties, and as agreed as part of the mediated settlement.

Should the dispute or claim not be resolved by mediation, then the dispute or claim will proceed to arbitration. The Institute of Arbitrators and Mediators of Australia will appoint an Arbitrator who will hear and resolve the dispute. The arbitration, subject to any directions of Arbitrator, will proceed in the following manner:

(a) The parties must submit all written submissions and evidence to the Arbitrator within twenty one (21) days of the appointment of the Arbitrator; and

(b) The arbitration will be held within twenty one (21) days of the Arbitrator receiving the written submissions.

The Arbitrator will make a decision determining the dispute or claim within twenty one (21) of the final day of the arbitration. The Arbitrator may, as part of his determination, determine what costs, if any, each of the parties are to pay and the time by which the parties must be paid any settlement or costs.

The decision of the Arbitrator is final and binding on both parties. Should the Arbitrator order either party to pay any settlement amount or costs to the other party but not specify a time for payment, then such payment shall be made within twenty one (21) days of the order.

NB. In the event that you do not comply with the above Complaints Procedure and commence litigation against us, then you agree to fully indemnify us against any awards, costs, legal fees, and expenses incurred by us in having your litigation set aside or adjourned to permit the foregoing Complaints Procedure to complete.

5) Asbestos Disclaimer: “No Inspection for Asbestos was carried out at the property, and no Report on the presence or absence of Asbestos is provided”.

Buildings built prior to 1982 may have wall and/or ceiling sheeting, and other products including roof sheeting that contains Asbestos. Even buildings built after this date, up until the early 90s, may contain some Asbestos. Sheeting should be fully sealed. If you are concerned, the building was built prior to 1990, or if asbestos is noted as present within the property, then you should seek advice from a qualified asbestos removal expert as to the amount and importance of the asbestos present and the cost of sealing or removal. Drilling, cutting, or removing sheeting or products containing Asbestos is a high risk to peoples’ health. You should seek advice from a qualified asbestos removal expert.

6) Mould (Mildew and non-wood decay fungi) Disclaimer: Mildew and non-wood decay fungi are commonly known as mould. However, mould and their spores may cause health problems or allergic reactions, such as asthma and dermatitis in some people. No Inspection for mould was carried out at the property, and no Report on the presence or absence of mould is provided. If mould is noted as present within the property, or if you notice mould and you are concerned as to the possible health risk resulting from its presence, then you should seek advice from your local Council, State or Commonwealth Government Health Department, or a qualified expert such as an Industry Hygienist.

7) Magnesite Flooring Disclaimer: No Inspection for Magnesite Flooring was carried out at the property, and no Report on the presence or absence of Magnesite Flooring is provided. You should ask the owner whether Magnesite Flooring is present and/or seek advice from a Structural Engineer.

8) Estimating Disclaimer: Any estimates provided in this Report are merely opinions of possible costs that could be encountered, based on the knowledge and experience of the inspector, and are not estimates in the sense of being a calculation of the likely costs to be incurred. The estimates are NOT a guarantee or quotation for work to be carried out. The actual cost is ultimately dependent upon the materials used, standard of work carried out, and what a contractor is prepared to do the work for. It is recommended in ALL instances that multiple independent quotes are sourced prior to any work being carried out. The inspector accepts no liability for any estimates provided throughout this Report.

9) Note: If the Client has any doubt about the purpose, scope, and acceptance criteria on which the Report was based please discuss your concerns with the Consultant on receipt of the Report. The Client acknowledges that, unless stated otherwise, the Client as a matter of urgency should implement any recommendation or advice given in this Report.

IMPORTANT DISCLAIMER

Disclaimer Liability: No Liability shall be accepted on an account of failure of the Report to notify any problems in the area(s) or section(s) of the subject property physically inaccessible for Inspection, or to which access for Inspection is denied by or to the Inspector (including but not limited to or any area(s) or section(s) so specified by the Report).

Disclaimer of Liability to Third Parties: Compensation will only be payable for losses arising in contract or tort sustained by the Client named on the front of this Report. Any third party acting or relying on this Report, in whole or in part, does so entirely at their own risk. However, if ordered by a Real Estate Agent or a Vendor for the purpose of auctioning a property, then the Inspection Report may be ordered up to seven (7) days prior to the auction, copies may be given out prior to the auction and the Report will have a life of 14 days during which time it may be transferred to the purchaser. Providing the purchaser agrees to the terms of this agreement, then they may rely on the Report subject to the terms and conditions of this agreement and the Report itself.

NB. In the ACT under the Civil Law (Sale of Residential Property) Act 2003 and Regulations, the Report resulting from this Inspection may be passed to the purchaser as part of the sale process, providing it is carried out no more than three months prior to listing and is not more than six months old.

Limited Liability to a Purchaser within the Australian Capital Territory only: Within the Australian Capital Territory (ACT) and in accordance with the ACT Civil Law (Sale of Residential Property) Act 2003 and Regulations, a copy of the Report may be attached to the Contract for Sale.

WARNING: The Purchaser is advised that this Report reflects the condition of the property existing at the time of the Inspection (Inspection Date) and may not reflect the current state. It is, therefore, very strongly recommended that you promptly arrange for another Inspection and Report in accordance with Australian Standard AS4349.1 to be carried out prior to the expiration of the 'Cooling off Period' and settlement.

This is not a Compliance Report strictly in accordance with Civil Law (Sale of Residential Property) Regulations: The Report may contain copies of any approved plans, building approvals, building permit and Certificates of Occupancy. However, any comments made by the person who prepared the Report as to whether or not, in the opinion of the Inspector, the structures on the land substantially comply with the approved plans (if any) are made on the basis of a cursory glance of the plans and not upon a detailed examination. Any opinion expressed as to whether or not any building approval or approval under the Land (Planning and Environment) Act, 1991, is based on the limited knowledge and belief, at the time, of the Inspector. The Purchaser is advised that a Special Purpose Report is available through the Inspector to advise more fully in respect to these matters. The structures may have been damaged by pests, storm, strong wind or fire or the Vendor may have carried out alterations and/or additions to the Property since the Inspection Date. The Report may no longer reflect the true condition of the Property. The structure(s) may no longer be in accordance with the attached plans etc. IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED that, if the Purchaser has any concerns in respect to the compliance of the structures, a Special Purpose Report be obtained. Alternatively, the Purchaser should rely upon his, her or their own enquiries.

Contact the Inspector: Please feel free to contact the Inspector who carried out this Inspection. Often it is very difficult to fully explain situations, problems, access difficulties, building faults or their importance in a manner that is readily understandable by the reader. Should you have any difficulty in understanding anything contained within this Report, then you should immediately contact the Inspector and have the matter explained to you. If you have any questions at all, or require any clarification, then contact the Inspector prior to acting on this Report.

OTHER INSPECTIONS AND REPORTS REQUIRED

It is strongly recommended that the following Inspections and Reports be obtained prior to any decision to purchase the Property. Obtaining these Reports will better equip the purchaser to make an informed decision. Although appliances may be listed in the Report, they have not been tested as this is outside the scope of the standard Building Inspection. Other Inspections we recommend the purchaser obtains before making their decision are:

- Electrical Inspection,
- Plumbing Inspection,
- Structural (Engineer),
- Geotechnical Inspection,
- Drainage Inspection,
- Asbestos Inspection,
- Mould Inspection,
- Gas fitting Inspection,
- Appliances Inspection,
- Air-conditioning Inspection,
- Alarm/Intercom/Data Systems,
- Hydraulics Inspection,
- Mechanical Services,
- Hazards Inspection,
- Fire/Chimney Inspection,
- Estimating Report,
- Garage Door Mechanical,
- Durability exposed surfaces

SMOKE DETECTORS

The occupier/purchaser should satisfy themselves as to the working condition of the smoke detectors, if installed. It is highly recommended that suitable smoke detectors be installed in all residential properties. AS 3786 advises that smoke detectors are required for all buildings where people sleep. It is recommended that an electrician be consulted to advise on those installed or install these detectors.

CRACKING OF BUILDING ITEMS

Regardless of the type of crack(s), a Pre-Purchase Building Inspector carrying out a Pre-Purchase Inspection within the scope of a visual Inspection is unable to determine the expected consequences of the cracks.

Obtaining Information regarding the below all fall outside the scope of this Pre-Purchase Inspection:

- (a)** The nature of the foundation material on which the building is resting,
- (b)** The design of the footings,
- (c)** The site landscape,
- (d)** The history of the cracks and,
- (e)** Carrying out an invasive Inspection.

However, the information obtained from the five items above is valuable in determining the expected consequences of the cracking and any remedial work needed. Cracks that are small in width and length on the day of the Inspection may have the potential to develop over time into structural problems for the homeowner, resulting in major expensive rectification work being carried out. If cracks have been identified in the Report above, then a Structural Engineer is required to determine the significance of the cracking prior to a decision to purchase.

NOTICE TO THE PURCHASER (ACT ONLY)

(a) At the Exchange, and prior to the 'Cooling-off Period', you were given an Inspection Report on the property you intend on purchasing. This Report reflects the condition of the property existing at the time of the Inspection (Inspection Date) and may not reflect the current state. The structures may have been damaged by pests, storm, strong wind or fire or the vendor may have carried out alterations and/or additions to the property since the Inspection date. The Report may no longer reflect the true condition of the property. The structure(s) may no longer be in accordance with the attached plans etc. It is, therefore, very strongly recommended that you urgently arrange for another Inspection and Report in accordance with Australian Standard AS 4349.1 to be carried out prior to exchange, or prior to the expiration of any 'Cooling Off Period' and prior to settlement.

(b) If the Report indicated the presence of termite damage, or recommends any other Inspections or treatments, you should obtain copies of these Reports and any treatment proposals, certificates of treatment carried out, including details of all repairs including copies of quotations, invoices, and any other Reports. It is strongly recommended that you arrange for an Inspection and Report in accordance with AS 4349.3 to verify that the treatment has been successful and carried out in accordance with AS 3660.2, and a further building Inspection in accordance with AS 4349.1.

(c) If you fail to procure a further Inspection and Report as recommended in (a) and (b), or fail to obtain copies of other Reports, treatment proposals, certificates of treatment carried out, details of all repairs including copies of quotations, invoices and any other Reports as recommended in (b) above, then you agree that you have decided not to have a further Inspection and Report carried out, or to obtain copies of treatment proposals, certificates of treatment carried out, details of all repairs including copies of quotations, invoices and any other Reports and have relied upon your own enquires and the Report, knowing the possible consequences, and that the condition of the property, as stated in the Report, may have changed.

(d) You agree that the person carrying out the Inspection **and** the company, partnership or sole trader that employs that person will have no liability to you for any damage or loss you may suffer as a result of your entering the contract to purchase the property, or in connection with completing the purchase of the property as a result of your failure to heed the advice given in (a) and (b) and the warning contained in (c) above, and may use such failure in defense of any claim that you may later make against any of them.

NB. It is a condition of your right to rely upon the Report that you transmit by fax, post, or otherwise deliver the signed "Notice to the Purchaser" (ACT only) to the company, partnership or sole trader at the address detailed on the front of the Report not less than four (4) days prior to the date of settlement. If you fail to complete, sign, or deliver the Notice then it will be deemed that you did not rely upon the report in respect to your decision as to whether or not to purchase the property. This may seriously affect any rights to future compensation to which you may be entitled.

Please cross out the statement below that does not apply: - At the date of settlement, not more than 180 days will have elapsed since the Inspection date.

1. I/We have read and understood the 'Limited Liability to a Purchaser within the Australian Capital Territory only' clause of the Report, and this Notice to the Purchaser. I/We have not arranged for another inspection and report in respect of the property, and it is my/our intention to **rely upon the findings contained in the report**; or

2. I/We have **arranged for another Inspection of the Property and Report** to be carried out, which I/We will use in conjunction with this Report in deciding whether to proceed with the purchase of the property; or

3. I/We have read and understood the 'Limited Liability to a Purchaser within the Australian Capital Territory only' clause of the Report, and this Notice to the Purchaser. I/We have not arranged for another Inspection and Report in respect of the property and have **relied on my/our own enquiries in respect of the condition of the property** as at the date of settlement including any changes in the condition of the property that have taken place since the Inspection date stated in the Report

Timber Pest Report



SUMMARY SHEET

Property Address: 33 Robertson Road, Wamboin NSW 2620
Client: Huntley
Inspection Date: Friday, December 19th 2025
Inspection carried out by: Duncan Clark

This summary is supplied to allow a quick and superficial overview of the Inspection results. This summary is NOT the Report and cannot be relied upon on its own. This summary must be read in conjunction with the full Report and not in isolation from the Report. If there should happen to be any discrepancy between anything in the Report, and anything in this summary, the information in the Report shall override that in the summary. The Report is subject to conditions and limitations. Your attention is particularly drawn to the clauses, disclaimer of liability to third parties, and to the notice to the purchaser at the back of this Report.

1.0 ACCESS LIMITATIONS

There were access limitations to the inspection/report. Please refer to section 1.0 of the report.

2.0 TERMITE ACTIVITY

No active subterranean termites (live specimens) were found.

No visible evidence of subterranean termite workings or damage was found.

3.0 BORER ACTIVITY

No visible evidence of borers of seasoned timbers was found.

4.0 DECAY FUNGI

No evidence of damage caused by wood decay (rot) fungi was found.

For complete and accurate information, please refer to the attached 'Visual Timber Pest Report', which is prepared in accordance with AS 4349.3.

CONDITIONS OF THIS INSPECTION

Important Information:

Any person who relies upon the contents of this Report does so acknowledging that the following clauses, which define the scope and limitations of the Inspection, form an integral part of the Report.

This is a **Visual Inspection Only**, prepared in accordance with AS 4349.3, 'Inspection of Buildings Part 3: Timber Pest Inspections'. Visual Inspection was limited to those areas and sections of the property to which reasonable access (see definition) was both available and permitted on the date of Inspection.

The Inspection **did not** include breaking apart, dismantling, removing, or moving objects including but not limited to – foliage, mouldings, roof insulation/sisalation, floor or wall coverings, sidings, ceilings, floors, furnishings, appliances, or personal possessions.

The Inspector **cannot** see inside walls, between floors, inside skillion roofing, inside the eaves, behind stored goods in cupboards, or in any other areas that are concealed or obstructed.

The Inspector **did not** dig, gouge, force or perform any other invasive procedures. An invasive Inspection will not be performed unless a separate contract is entered into.

In an occupied property, it must be understood that furnishings or household items may be concealing evidence of Timber Pests, which may only be revealed when the items are moved or removed.

In the case of strata type properties, only the interior of the unit is inspected.

Scope of Report:

This Report only deals with the detection or non-detection of Timber Pest Attack and Conditions Conducive to Timber Pest Attack discernible at the time of inspection. The inspection was limited to the Readily Accessible Areas of the Building and Site (see note below) and was based on a visual examination of surface work (excluding furniture and stored items), and the carrying out of Tests. Note. With strata and company title properties, the inspection was limited to the interior and the immediate exterior of the particular residence inspected. Common property was not inspected.

Limitations:

The Client acknowledges:

(a) This Report does not include the inspection and assessment of matters outside the scope of the requested inspection and report.

(b) The inspection only covered the Readily Accessible Areas of the Building and Site. The inspection did not include areas which were inaccessible, not readily accessible or obstructed at the time of inspection. Obstructions are defined as any condition or physical limitation which inhibits or prevents inspection and may include – but are not limited to – roofing, fixed ceilings, wall linings, floor coverings, fixtures, fittings, furniture, clothes, stored articles/materials, thermal insulation, sarking, pipe/duct work, builder's debris, vegetation, pavements, or earth.

(c) The detection of dry wood termites may be extremely difficult due to the small size of the colonies. No warranty of absence of these termites is given.

(d) European House Borer (*Hylotrupes bajulus*) attack is difficult to detect in the early stages of infestation as the galleries of boring larvae rarely break through the affected timber surface. No warranty of absence of these borers is given. Regular inspections including the carrying out of appropriate tests are required to help monitor susceptible timbers.

(e) This is not a structural damage report. Neither is this a warranty as to the absence of Timber Pest Attack.

(f) If the inspection was limited to any particular type(s) of timber pest (e.g., subterranean termites), then this would be the subject of a Special-Purpose Inspection Report, which is adequately specified.

(g) This Report does not cover or deal with environmental risk assessment or biological risks not associated with Timber Pests (e.g., toxic Mould) or occupational, health or safety issues. Such advice may be the subject of a Special-Purpose Inspection Report which is adequately specified and must be undertaken by an appropriately qualified inspector. The choice of such inspector is a matter for the Client.

(h) This Report has been produced for the use of the Client. The Consultant or their firm or company are not liable for any reliance placed on this report by any third party, except as provided in the section Limited Liability To a Purchaser within the Australian Capital Territory.

Determining extent of Damage:

This is not a structural building report, and any inexperienced opinion we provide on timber damage cannot be relied upon. This Report **will not** state the full extent of any Timber Pest damage. It will state Timber Pest Damage found as either 'slight', 'moderate', 'moderate to extensive', or 'extensive', and this information is not the opinion of an expert. If any evidence of Timber Pest activity and/or damage resulting from Timber Pest activity is reported, either in the structure(s) or the grounds of the property, then you must assume that there may be concealed structural damage within the building(s).

This concealed damage may only be found when wall linings, cladding or insulation are removed to reveal previously concealed timbers. In this case, an Invasive Timber Pest Inspection (for which a separate contract is required) is strongly recommended, and you should arrange for a qualified professional such as a builder, engineer, or architect to carry out a structural Inspection to determine the full extent of the damage, and the extent of repairs that may be required. You agree that neither we, nor the individual conducting the Inspection, are responsible or liable for the repair of any damage, whether disclosed by the Report or not.

Disclaimer of Liability:

No liability shall be accepted on account of failure of the Report to notify any termite activity and/or damage present at, or prior to, the date of the Report, in any area(s) or section(s) of the subject property physically inaccessible for Inspection, or to which access for Inspection is denied by, or to, the licensed Inspector (including, but not limited to, any area(s) or section(s) specified by the Report).

1.0 ACCESS LIMITATIONS

1.1 Area(s) inspected:

Only structures, fences &/or trees within 50m of the building but within the property boundaries were inspected.

1.2 Common area(s) not inspected:

No Inspection was made, and no Report will be submitted, of inaccessible area(s).

These include, but may not be limited to; cavity walls, concealed frame timbers, eaves, flat roofs, fully enclosed patios, inaccessible parts of the subfloors, inaccessible parts of the roof void, soil concealed by concrete floors, fireplace hearths, wall linings, landscaping, rubbish, floor coverings, furniture, pictures, appliances, stored items, insulation, and hollow blocks/posts etc.

1.3 Area(s) in which visual inspection was obstructed or restricted and why:

Ceiling framing timbers were concealed by insulation. Clothing and other stored items concealed timbers in cupboards and built in robes/closets. Furniture and stored items concealed some of the skirting boards and architraves inside the house. The inspection was limited to structures within 50m of the main residence.

NB. Please note that since a complete Inspection of the above area(s) was not possible, Timber Pest activity and/or damage may exist in these areas.

1.4 The property was furnished at the time of inspection.

Where a property is furnished at the time of Inspection, it must be understood that the furnishings and stored goods may be concealing evidence of Timber Pest activity. This evidence may be revealed when the property is vacated, and a further Inspection of the vacant property is strongly recommended if the house was furnished at the time of inspection.

1.5 Undetected timber pest risk assessment is considered Low/Moderate.

NB. Where the risk is considered "Moderate" or "Moderate-High" or "High", a further inspection is strongly recommended of areas that were not readily accessible, and of inaccessible or obstructed areas once access has been provided or the obstruction removed. This may require the moving, lifting or removal of obstructions such as floor coverings, furniture, stored items foliage and insulation. In some instances, it may also require the removal of ceiling and wall linings, and the cutting of traps and access holes. Seek further advice from your Consultant.

2.0 TERMITE ACTIVITY

2.1 No active (live) termites were present at the time of Inspection.

2.2 No visible evidence of subterranean termite workings and/or damage was found.

2.3 A termite nest was not found.

2.4 No evidence of timber damage caused by Termite attack was visible at the time of the Inspection.

NB. Where evidence of termite activity by the *Nasutitermes* or *Coptotermes* species was found in the grounds, the risk to buildings is very high. A treatment to eradicate the termites and to protect the building(s) should be carried out. Where the evidence of termite workings was found in the grounds or the building(s), then the risk of a further attack is very high.

2.5 Very important:

If live termites or any evidence of termite workings or damage was reported above, within the building(s) or in the grounds and fences, then it must be assumed that there may be concealed termite activity and/or timber damage. This concealed activity or damage may only be found when alterations are carried out, such as when wall linings, cladding or insulation are removed; or if you arrange for an invasive Inspection. We claim no expertise in structural engineering or building, and we strongly recommend that you have a qualified professional such as a builder, engineer, architect, or other qualified expert determine the full extent of the damage, if any. This may require an invasive Inspection. We take no responsibility for the repair of any damage, whether disclosed by this Report or not (see 'Terms and Limitations').

Where visual evidence of termite workings and/or damage is reported above, but no live termites were present at the time of Inspection, you must realise that it is possible that termites are still active in the immediate vicinity, and that the termites may continue to cause further damage. It is not possible, without further investigation and a number of Inspections over a period of time, to ascertain whether any infestation is active or inactive. Active termites may simply have not been present at the time of Inspection due to a prior disturbance or climatic conditions, or they may have been utilizing an alternative feeding source.

Continued, regular Inspections are essential. Unless written evidence of a termite protection program in accordance with 'AS 3660' with ongoing Inspections is provided, you must arrange for a treatment in accordance with 'AS 3660' to be carried out to reduce the risk of further attack.

2.6 Previous termite treatment: There were no signs of a termite treatment or evidence of a possible previous termite treatment, at the time of inspection.

NB. If there is evidence of drill holes in concrete or brickwork, bait stations or other signs of a possible previous treatment are reported, then the treatment was probably carried out because of an active termite attack. Extensive structural damage may exist in concealed areas. You should have an invasive Inspection carried out, and have a builder determine the full extent of any damage, and the estimated cost of repairs, as the damage may only be found when wall linings etc. are removed. Normally, if a termite treatment has been carried out, then a durable notice should be located in the metre box, indicating the type of termite shield system, treated zone or combination that has been installed.

2.7 Termite management: A durable notice (termite management notice) was found during the inspection, indicating a barrier system has been installed. The system installed is Termi-mesh.

This firm can give no assurances with regard to work that may have been previously performed by other firms. You should obtain copies of all paperwork and make your own enquiries as to the quality of the treatment when it was carried out, and warranty information. In most cases, you should arrange for a treatment in accordance with "Australian Standard 3660" to be carried out to reduce the risk of further attack.

2.8 General remarks:

Where any current visible evidence of Timber Pest activity is found, it is strongly recommended that a more invasive Inspection be performed. Trees on and near the property up to a height of 2 metres, have been visually Inspected where possible and practicable, for evidence of Termite activity. It is very difficult to locate termite nests since they are underground, and evidence in trees is usually well concealed. Therefore, we strongly recommend that you arrange to have the medium to large eucalypt trees within a 50 metre radius of the property test drilled for evidence of termite nests.

3.0 BORER ACTIVITY

3.1 No visible evidence of borers was found.

The **Lyctid Borer** - The most common lyctid borer in Australia is **Lyctus brunneus (powder post beetle)**. Attack usually takes place during the first six to twelve months of the service life of timber. However, the powder post beetle is not considered a significant pest of timber and treatment of infestation is not usually required. As only the sapwood of certain hardwoods is destroyed, larger-dimensional timbers (such as rafters, bearers, and joists) in a building are seldom weakened significantly to cause collapse. The **Anobiid Borer** There are many different species of Anobiid borer, the most frequently encountered being *Anobium punctatum* (furniture beetle) and *Calymmaderus incisus* (Queensland pine beetle). Attack mainly occurs to softwoods especially pine timbers such as floorboards that have been in service for at least ten years. Should any structural timbers be attacked by Anobiid borers it is often difficult to determine what extent the borer damage has weakened such timbers and replacement is often the only way of ensuring safety from collapse.

In the case of Anobiid borers, once an attack is initiated it is unlikely to cease or die out of its own accord without some sort of eradication treatment. Therefore, unless proof of treatment is provided, evidence of an attack must always be considered active. Although a chemical treatment is an option, replacement of infested timbers with non-susceptible, or treated timber, is the most effective method of treatment. Before any option is considered, competent advice (e.g., from a licensed building contractor) should be sought to determine the extent of any structural damage, and as to the need or otherwise for rectification or repair work.

Other Borers: A further (more invasive) investigation is strongly recommended to determine whether infestation is still active and to positively identify the borer species responsible for the attack. Always seek further advice from the Consultant.

Management Program: Wherever practical, remove any conditions conducive to attack (e.g., *Anobium* borer thrive in badly ventilated subfloor areas). Regular inspections are recommended at intervals not exceeding 12 months. Always seek further advice from the Consultant.

4.0 DECAY FUNGI

4.1 No evidence of damage caused by wood decay (rot) fungi was found.

NB. If any evidence of fungal decay or damage is reported, you should consult a building expert to determine the full extent of damage, and the estimated cost of repairs or timber.

General Description of Attack Decaying wood contains sufficient moisture to retain its original shape and may have sufficient strength to withstand normal loads. In contrast decayed wood is reduced both in moisture content and size as indicated by cracking either along or across the grain or fibres coming apart in a stringy manner. Decayed wood will have undergone considerable strength reduction.

Economic Significance Fungal decay can cause at one extreme, structural failure of the affected timber, and at the other purely superficial surface damage. The most critical determination is that of which timber is affected and decaying because decay will most likely spread (unless sources of moisture are quickly removed). Affected and decayed timber may warrant timber replacement, but the rot should not spread unless a new moisture source becomes available in that area.

Where evidence of decayed timber exists, competent advice (e.g., from a licensed or registered building contractor) should be sought to determine the extent of any structural damage, and as to the need or otherwise for rectification or repair work. It is important to correct any condition conducive to attack prior to replacing decayed wood.

Where evidence of decaying timber exists, competent advice (e.g., from a licensed or registered building contractor) should be sought to remove the condition(s) conducive to attack, and to determine the extent of any structural damage, and as to the need or otherwise for rectification or repair work.

Where the full extent of damage or the overall condition of the timber is undetermined a further inspection is strongly recommended by a competent person (e.g., from a licensed or registered building contractor). This may require monitoring of the timber over a period and include the assessment of conditions conducive to attack in different weather conditions (e.g., to determine the adequacy of existing drainage).

Management Program Remove any conditions conducive to attack (e.g., lack of ventilation or the presence of excessive moisture). Regular inspections are recommended at intervals not exceeding 12 months. Always seek further advice from the Consultant.

5.0 CONDITIONS THAT ARE CONDUCTIVE TO TIMBER PESTS

5.1 Water leaks: At the time of the inspection no leaks were found to be present.

Water leaks, especially in or into the subfloor, or against the external walls; increase the likelihood of termite attack. Leaking showers or leaks from other 'wet areas' also increase the likelihood of concealed termite attack. Hot water overflows should be plumbed away from the building.

NB. We claim no expertise in building, and if any leaks were reported, you should consult a plumber or other building expert to determine the full extent of damage, and the estimated cost of repairs.

5.2 Moisture/drainage: Not applicable as the home is built on a concrete slab.

Lack of Adequate Subfloor Ventilation Inadequate ventilation provides a condition suitable for timber pest infestation. For example, subterranean termites thrive in damp humid conditions typical of those provided in a poorly ventilated subfloor space. Where evidence of a lack of adequate ventilation has been identified in the report, the Client should seek competent advice (e.g., from a licensed or registered building contractor) regarding upgrading ventilation. The Presence of Excessive Moisture Ground levels around the building should be maintained in such a way to minimise water entering under the building. Also, the ground surface in subfloor areas should be kept graded to ensure that moisture does not pond or accumulate in any area. Where necessary, sub-surface drains should be installed and maintained to assist with drainage around and under the building. Likewise, the presence of excessive moisture can often be directly related to ventilation limitations and the resultant high humidity. Also, plumbing oversights and defects such as a leaking drain or tap will provide a microclimate conducive to timber pest attack. Where necessary, the Client should seek competent advice (e.g., from a licensed or registered plumbing contractor) to determine the adequacy of existing drainage and remove any conditions conducive to the presence of excessive moisture. The building may need to be monitored over a period of time to detect or confirm a damp problem. The presence of dampness (including moisture) is not always consistent as the prevailing and recent weather conditions at the time an inspection is carried out may affect the detection of damp problems. Importantly, precipitation at or near the time of inspection does not necessarily guarantee that a damp problem will automatically be evident due to such circumstances as prevailing wind conditions or intensity of rainfall. The absence of any dampness at the time of inspection does not necessarily mean the building will not experience some damp problems in other weather conditions. Likewise, whether services have been used for some time prior to an inspection being carried out will affect the detection of dampness.

5.3 Ventilation: Not applicable as the home is built on a concrete slab.

Lack of Adequate Subfloor Ventilation Inadequate ventilation provides a condition suitable for timber pest infestation. For example, subterranean termites thrive in damp humid conditions typical of those provided in a poorly ventilated subfloor space. Where evidence of a lack of adequate ventilation has been identified in the report, the Client should seek competent advice (e.g., from a licensed or registered building contractor) in regard to upgrading ventilation.

5.4 Hot water services and air conditioning units: There is no need for this work to be carried out.

Hot water services and air conditioning units which release water alongside or near to building walls should be piped to a drain (if not possible then several metres away from the building), as the resulting wet area is highly conducive to termites.

5.5 Slab edge exposure: The slab edge inspection zone does not apply to this property.

Where external concrete slab edges are not exposed, there is a high risk of concealed termite entry.

In some buildings built since July 1995, the edge of the slab forms part of the termite shield system. In these buildings an Inspection zone of at least 75mm should be maintained to permit detection of termite entry. The edge should not be concealed by render, tiles, cladding, flashings, adjoining structures, paving, soil, turf, or landscaping etc. Where this is the case, you should arrange to have the slab edge exposed for Inspection.

Concealed termite entry may already be taking place but could not be detected at the time of the Inspection. This may have resulted in concealed timber damage.

NB. A very high proportion of termite attacks are over the slab edge. Covering the slab edge makes concealed entry easy. This is particularly true of infill type slab construction. Termite activity and/or damage may be present in concealed timbers of the building. We strongly recommend frequent regular inspections in accordance with AS 3660.2.

5.6 Weep holes in external walls: Weep holes were clear allowing the free flow of air.

It is very important that soil, lawn, concrete paths, or pavers do not cover the weep holes. Sometimes, they have been covered during the rendering of the brick work. They should be clean and free flowing and covering the weep holes in part or in whole may allow undetected termite entry.

5.7 Termite shields: Not applicable as the home is built on a concrete slab.

Termite Shields (Ant Caps) should be in good order and condition, so termite workings are exposed and visible. This helps prevent termites from gaining undetected entry. Joints in the shielding should have been soldered during the installation. If it is observed that the joints in the shielding have not been soldered, then the shielding must be reported as inadequate. It may be possible for a builder to repair the shielding. If not, a chemical treated zone may need to be installed to deter termites from gaining concealed access to the building. Missing, damaged or poor shields increase the risk of termite infestation. If considered inadequate, a builder or other building expert should be consulted.

Other physical shield systems are not visible to inspection and no comment is made on such systems.

5.8 Bridging or breaching of termite barriers and inspection zones: No bridging or breaching was found.

“Bridging” is the spanning of a termite barrier or inspection zone so that subterranean termites are provided with passage over or around that barrier. “Breaching” is the making of a hole or gap in a termite barrier so that termites are provided with a passage through that barrier.

5.9 Other area(s) and/or situations that appear conducive to (may attract) subterranean termite infestation: Medium to large trees and stumps within a 50 metre radius of the property, due to the nesting conditions.

6.0 OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF THE PROPERTY

6.1 Where evidence of live termites, termite damage or termite workings (mudding) was found in the building(s) then the risk of a further attack is extremely high.

Where evidence of live termites, termite damage or termite workings was found in the grounds but not in the building(s) then the risk to buildings must be reported as high to extremely high.

6.2 At the time of the Inspection, the degree of risk of subterranean termite infestation to the overall property was considered to be **Moderate to High**.

6.3 Subterranean Termite Treatment Recommendation: A management program in accordance with AS 3660-2000 to protect against subterranean termites is considered **not essential, but 6 to 12 monthly inspections are essential**.

6.4 Future Inspections: AS 3660.0-2000 recommends “regular competent Inspections should be carried out at least on an annual basis, but more frequent Inspections are strongly recommended”.

It goes on to inform that “regular Inspections will not prevent termite attack but may help in the detection of termite activity. Early detection will allow remedial treatment to be commenced sooner, and damage to be minimized”.

Due to the degree of risk of subterranean termite infestation noted above and all other findings of this Report; we strongly recommend that a full Inspection and written Report in accordance with AS 4349.3 or AS 3660.2-2000 is conducted at this property every 6 months, but no more than 12 months.

DEFINITIONS

Timber Pest Attack: Means Timber Pest Activity and/or Timber Pest Damage.

Timber Pest Activity: Means telltale signs associated with 'active' (live) and/or 'inactive' (absence of live) Timber Pests at the time of inspection.

Timber Pest Damage: Means noticeable impairments to the integrity of timber and other susceptible materials resulting from attack by Timber Pests.

Major Safety Hazard: Means any item that may constitute an immediate or imminent risk to life, health or property resulting directly from Timber Pest Attack. Occupational, health and safety or any other consequence of these hazards has not been assessed.

Conditions Conducive to Timber Pest Attack: Means noticeable building deficiencies or environmental factors that may contribute to the presence of Timber Pests.

Readily Accessible Areas: Means areas which can be easily and safely inspected without injury to person or property, are up to 3.6 metres above ground or floor levels, in roof spaces where the minimum area of accessibility is not less than 600 mm high by 600 mm wide and subfloor spaces where the minimum area of accessibility is not less than 400 mm high by 600 mm wide, providing the spaces or areas permit entry. The term 'readily accessible' also includes accessible subfloor areas on a sloping site where the minimum clearance is not less than 150 mm high, provided that the area is not more than 2 metres from a point with conforming clearance (i.e., 400 mm high by 600 mm wide); and areas at the eaves of accessible roof spaces that are within the consultant's unobstructed line of sight and within arm's length from a point with conforming clearance (i.e. 600 mm high by 600 mm wide).

Client: Means the person or persons for whom the Timber Pest Detection Report was carried out or their Principal (i.e., the person or persons for whom the report was being obtained).

Timber Pest Detection Consultant: Means a person who meets the minimum skills requirement set out in the current Australian Standard AS 4349.3 Inspections of Buildings. Part 3: Timber Pest Inspection Reports or state/territory legislation requirements beyond this Standard, where applicable.

Building and Site: Means the main building (or main buildings in the case of a building complex) and all timber structures (such as outbuildings, landscaping, retaining walls, fences, bridges, trees, and stumps with a diameter greater than 100 mm and timber embedded in soil) and the land within the property boundaries up to a distance of 50 metres from the main building(s).

Timber Pests: Means one or more of the following woods destroying agents which attack timber in service and affect its structural properties:

Chemical Delignification: The breakdown of timber through chemical action.

Fungal Decay: The microbiological degradation of timber caused by soft rot fungi and decay fungi, but does not include Mould, which is a type of fungus that does not structurally damage wood.

Wood Borers: Wood destroying insects belonging to the order 'Coleoptera' which commonly attack seasoned timber.

Termites: Wood destroying insects belonging to the order 'Isoptera' which commonly attack seasoned timber.

Tests: Means additional attention to the visual examination was given to those accessible areas which the consultant's experience has shown to be particularly susceptible to attack by Timber Pests. Instrument testing of those areas and other visible accessible timbers/materials/areas showing evidence of attack was performed.

Instrument Testing: Means where appropriate the carrying out of Tests using the following techniques and instruments:

- (a) Electronic moisture detecting meter - an instrument used for assessing the moisture content of building elements.
- (b) Stethoscope - an instrument used to hear sounds made by termites within building elements.
- (c) Probing - a technique where timber and other materials/areas are penetrated with a sharp instrument (e.g., bradawl or pocket knife), but does not include probing of decorative timbers or finishes, or the drilling of timber and trees; and
- (d) Sounding - a technique where timber is tapped with a solid object.

IMPORTANT MAINTENANCE ADVICE REGARDING INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT FOR PROTECTING AGAINST TIMBER PESTS

You should read and understand the following important information. It will help explain what is involved in a Timber Pest Inspection, the difficulties faced by a Timber Pest Inspector, and why it is not possible to guarantee that a property is free of Timber Pests. It also details important information about what you can do to help protect your property from Timber Pests. This information forms an integral part of the Report. Any structure can be attacked by Timber Pests. Periodic maintenance should include measures to minimise possibilities of infestation in and around a property. Factors which may lead to infestation from Timber Pests include situations where the edge of the concrete slab is covered by soil or garden debris, filled areas, areas with less than 400mm clearance, foam insulation at foundations, earth/wood contact, damp areas, leaking pipes, etc.; form-work timbers, scrap timber, tree stumps, mulch, tree branches touching the structure, wood rot, etc. Gardens, pathways, or turf abutting or concealing the edge of a concrete slab will allow for concealed entry by timber pests any timber in contact with soil such as form-work, scrap timbers or stumps must be removed from under and around the buildings and any leaks repaired. You should endeavor to ensure such conditions DO NOT occur around your property. We further advise that you engage a professional pest control firm to provide a termite management program in accord with AS 3660 to minimise the risk of termite attack. There is no way of preventing termite attack. Even AS 3660 advises that "the provision of a complete termite barrier will impede and discourage termite entry into a building. It cannot prevent termite attack. Termites can still bridge or breach barriers, but they can be detected more readily during routine inspections."

Reasonable access:

Unless specified in writing, the inspection only covered the Readily Accessible Areas of the Building and Site.

The inspection did not include areas which were inaccessible, not readily accessible or obstructed at the time of inspection. Areas which are not normally accessible were not inspected and include - but not limited to – inside walls, the interior of a flat roof or beneath a suspended floor filled with earth.

Building Interior, the Consultant did not move or remove any ceilings, wall coverings, flooring, floor coverings (including carpeting), furnishing, equipment, appliances, pictures, or other household goods. In an occupied property, furnishings or household items may be concealing evidence of timber pest attack which may only be revealed when the items are moved or removed.

Building Exterior, Roof Exterior and Site, the Consultant did not move or remove any obstructions such as wall cladding, awnings, trellis, earth, plants, bushes, foliage, stored materials, debris, or rubbish. Due to the 'secretive' nature of timber pests, it is possible that hidden damage may exist in concealed areas, e.g., wall framing. Damage may only be found when the obstruction is removed. In the case of buildings constructed on concrete slabs, if the edge of the slab or any weep hole or vent at the base of external walls is concealed by pavements, gardens, lawns, or landscaping then it is possible for termites to gain undetected entry into the building. The building of gardens or planting of shrubs close to the perimeter of the building can promote and conceal termite entry points. The storage of cellulose materials such as building materials and firewood near the ground or building may encourage termite activity.

Roof Space Obstructions such as roofing, stored articles, thermal insulation, sarking, and pipe/duct work may be concealing evidence of timber pest attack which may only be revealed when the obstructions are moved or removed. Also, bodily access should be provided to the interior of all accessible roof spaces. In accordance with Australian Standard ASS 4349 the minimum requirement is a 400mm by 500 mm access manhole.

Subfloor Space Subfloor areas should be kept free from all vegetation (including tree stumps) and other cellulose material which may encourage timber pest activity. Also, storage of materials in subfloor areas is not recommended as it reduces ventilation and makes inspection difficult. Obstructions may be concealing evidence of timber pest attack which may only be revealed when the obstructions are moved or removed. Bodily access should be provided to all accessible subfloor areas with the minimum requirement being a 500 mm x 400 mm access manhole. In the case of suspended floors, if the clearance between the ground and structural components is less than 400 mm, then the ground should be excavated to provide the required clearance, subject to maintaining adequate drainage and support to footings. If the subfloor has been sprayed for subterranean termites or if the area is susceptible to mould growth, appropriate health precautions must be followed before entering the area. Also, special care should be taken not to disturb the treated soil. Always seek further advice from the Consultant.

A further inspection is strongly recommended of those areas that were not readily accessible and of inaccessible or obstructed areas once access has been provided or the obstruction removed. This will involve a separate visit to the site, permission from the owner of the property and additional cost.

Unless stated otherwise, any recommendation or advice given in this Report should be implemented as a matter of urgency.

A more invasive physical inspection is available and recommended:

As detailed above, there are many limitations to this visual inspection only. With the permission of the owner of the premises we WILL perform a more invasive physical inspection that involves moving or lifting insulation, stored items, furniture, or foliage during the inspection. We WILL physically touch, tap, test and when necessary, force/gouge suspected accessible timbers. We WILL gain access to areas, where physically possible and considered practical and necessary, by way of cutting traps and access holes.

This style of Report is available by ordering with several days' notice. Inspection time for this style of Report will be greater than for a VISUAL INSPECTION.

It involves disruption in the case of an occupied property, and some permanent marking is likely. You must arrange for the written permission of the owner who must acknowledge all the above information and confirm that our firm will not be held liable for any damage caused to the property.

A price is available on request.

Concrete slab homes:

Homes constructed on concrete slabs pose special problems with respect to termite attack. If the edge of the slab is concealed by concrete paths, patios, pavers, garden beds, lawns, foliage, etc. then it is possible for termites to affect concealed entry into the property, and they can then cause extensive damage to concealed framing timbers. Even the most experienced Inspector may be unable to detect their presence due to concealment by wall linings. Only when the termites attack timbers in the roof void, which may in turn be concealed by insulation, can their presence be detected. Where termite damage is in the roof, it should be expected that concealed framing timbers will be extensively damaged. With a concrete slab home, it is imperative that you expose the edge of the slab and ensure that foliage and garden beds do not cover the slab edge. Weep holes must be kept free of obstructions.

It is strongly recommended that you have a Termite Inspection in accordance with AS 3660.2 carried out every 6 to 12 months.

Subterranean termites:

No property is safe from termites. General Description of Attack Timber hollowed beneath; some cracking at the surface of timber; earthen channels present; or pale faecal spots present.

Important note:

As a delay may exist between the time of an attack and the appearance of telltale signs associated with the attack, it is possible that termite activity and damage exists though not discernible at the time of inspection.

Treatment After discovery of an active infestation, it is imperative that the species of termite is accurately identified before costly (and sometimes unnecessary or inappropriate) methods of treatment are initiated. Only economically important species which are known to attack timber structures should be treated.

In the case of economically important species, it is important that the termite workings are not further disturbed until the proposed method of control has been determined by a licensed pest control operator. Premature attempts to repair or replace infested timber may cause the termites to withdraw from the area temporarily, thereby hindering effective treatment. Any repair or replacement of infested timber should be carried out after the appropriate treatment has been completed.

Where evidence of active termites is detected within a building or within 50 metres of any building, it must always be assumed that the termites may also be active in areas of the property not inspected. Accordingly, where the termites are known to be of economic significance, a further (more invasive) inspection is strongly recommended of areas which were inaccessible, not readily accessible or obstructed at the time of inspection.

Termite Workings and Damage Where evidence of damage to building timbers exists, competent advice (e.g. from a licensed or registered building contractor) should be obtained to determine the extent of any structural damage and as to the need or otherwise for rectification or repair work.

Where evidence of inactive termites is located within the building, it is possible that termites are still active in areas of the property not inspected and they may continue to cause damage. A furthermore invasive inspection is strongly recommended of areas which were inaccessible, not readily accessible or obstructed at the time of inspection.

Where evidence of an inactive termite infestation exists, it is not possible, without benefit of further investigation and inspections over a period, to ascertain whether any infestation is active or inactive. Continued, regular, inspections are essential.

Where evidence of termite attack exists to any trees or tree stumps a more conclusive search should be undertaken. This may require the tree or stump to be drilled to determine the existence of a termite nest. In addition, the soundness and stability of any standing trees identified as being affected by termite attack should be confirmed. Always seek further advice from the Consultant.

Previous Treatments Where evidence of a possible termite treatment was located, the Client should obtain and keep on file all relevant documents pertaining to the extent of the treatment, any service warranties and advice in regard to the building owner's obligation to maintain the treatment and/or barrier. If evidence of a previous treatment of termite infestation is noted, and appropriate documentation is not available, the Client must assume that the termite infestation may still be active in areas of the property not inspected. Accordingly, a re-treatment may be required. Always seek further advice from the Consultant.

Frequency of Future Inspections Australian Standard AS 3660 recognises that regular inspections will not prevent termite attack but may help in the detection of termite activity. Early detection will allow remedial treatment to be commenced sooner and damage to be minimised.

Inspections at intervals not exceeding twelve (12) months are recommended. Where the termite risk is high or the building type susceptible to termite attack, more frequent inspections (3-6 months) should be undertaken.

Risk management options:

To help protect against financial loss, it is essential that the building owner immediately control or rectify any evidence of destructive timber pest activity or damage identified in this inspection report. The Client should further investigate any high-risk area where access was not gained. It is strongly advised that appropriate steps be taken to remove, rectify or monitor any evidence of conditions conducive to timber pest attack.

To help minimise the risk of any future loss, the Client should consider whether the following options to further protect their investment against timber pest infestation are appropriate for their circumstances:

Undertake thorough regular inspections at intervals not exceeding twelve months or more frequent inspections where the risk of timber pest attack is high, or the building type is susceptible to attack. To further reduce the risk of subterranean termite attacks, implement a management program in accordance with Australian Standard AS 3660. This may include the installation of a monitoring and/or baiting system, or chemical and/or physical barrier. However, AS 3660 stresses that subterranean termites can bridge, or breach barrier systems and inspection zones and that thorough regular inspection of the building are necessary.

CONTACT THE INSPECTOR

Please feel free to contact the Inspector who carried out this inspection. Often it is very difficult to fully explain situations, problems, access difficulties or timber pest activity and/or damage in a manner that is readily understandable by the reader. Should you have any difficulty in understanding anything contained within this Report, then you should immediately contact the Inspector and have the matter explained to you.

If you have any questions at all or require any clarification, then contact the Inspector prior to acting on this Report.

NOTICE TO THE PURCHASER

(a) Prior to or on Exchange, and prior to the commencement of the 'Cooling-off Period', you were given an Inspection Report on the Property you intend on purchasing ("the Report"). The Purchaser is advised that this Report reflects the condition of the property existing at the time of the Inspection (Inspection Date) and may not reflect the current state. Timber Pests, particularly Termites, may have gained entry to the property since the Inspection Date. Termites can, in a relatively short period, cause significant damage to both structural and non-structural timbers within and around the buildings of the Property.

Termites (white ants) may be difficult to detect and much of the damage caused may not be readily visible. If damage exists, then it may cost thousands of dollars to repair.

It is, therefore, very strongly recommended that you urgently arrange for another Inspection and Report in accordance with AS4349.3 to be carried out prior to exchange, or prior to the expiration of any 'Cooling off Period', and prior to settlement.

(b) If the Report indicated the presence of Termites, termite damage or recommends any treatments or other Inspections and Reports, you should obtain copies of the treatment proposal, any certificates of treatments carried out, details of all repairs including copies of quotations, invoices, and any other Reports.

It is strongly recommended that you arrange for an Inspection and Report in accordance with AS 4349.3 to verify that the treatment has been successful and carried out in accordance with AS 3660.2 and a further building Inspection in accordance with AS 4349.1.

(c) If you fail to procure a further Inspection and report as recommended in (a) and (b), or fail to obtain copies of the treatment proposal, certificates of treatment carried out, details of all repairs including copies of quotations, invoices and any other reports as recommended in (b) above, then it will be deemed that you have decided not to have a further Inspection and report carried out, or to obtain copies of certificates of treatments carried out, details of all repairs including copies of quotations, invoices and any other reports.

It will be deemed that you have relied upon your own enquiries and the report, knowing the possible consequences and that the condition of the property, as stated in the report, may have changed.

(d) The person carrying out the Inspection and the company, partnership or sole trader that employs that person will have no liability to you for any damage or loss you may suffer as a result of your entering the contract to purchase the property or in connection with completing the purchase of the property as a result of your failure to heed the advice given in (a) and (b) and the warning contained in (c) above, and may use such failure in defense of any claim that you may later make against any of them.

Insurance Certificates & Tax Invoice



Pest Controllers Combined Liability Certificate of Currency

The Policy below is current until 4.00pm on the expiry date shown below

INSURED:	ACT Property Inspections Pty Ltd
BUSINESS DESCRIPTION:	General Pest & Weed Control Timber Pest Inspections Termite Barrier Installations Pre-Purchase House Pest Inspections Building Inspections (Non Pest Related) Energy Efficiency Ratings Compliance Reports
POLICY REFERENCE:	09A349653PLB
PERIOD OF INSURANCE:	From: 4.00pm on 30/03/2025 To: 4.00pm on 30/03/2026
POLICY CLASS:	Pest Controllers Combined Liability
SUMS INSURED:	Section 1: General Public & Products Liability \$20,000,000 Our maximum liability in respect of any claim or series of claims for Personal Injury, Property Damage or Advertising Liability caused by or arising out of any one occurrence; and \$20,000,000 Our total aggregate liability during any one period of insurance for all claims arising out of Your Product Section 2: Professional Indemnity \$5,000,000 Our maximum liability in respect of any Claim or any series of Claims inclusive of costs and expenses. \$10,000,000 Our total aggregate liability for all Claims inclusive of costs and expenses.

This Certificate of Currency is subject to the Policy Documentation to be read in conjunction with the Definitions, Conditions and Exclusions in the Pest Controllers Combined Liability Insurance Policy.

Date Issued: 28 March 2025



**ACT
PROPERTY
INSPECTIONS**

TAX INVOICE

Jeff & Merinda Huntley
33 Robertson Rd
WAMBOIN NSW 2620
AUSTRALIA

Invoice Date
10 Dec 2025

Invoice Number
INV-67227

ABN
33 600 397 466

ACT Property Inspections
(02) 6232 4540
Unit 1, 33 Altree Ct
PHILLIP ACT 2606
ABN: 33 600 397 466

Description	Quantity	Unit Price	GST	Amount AUD
Building and Pest Report	1.00	863.64	10%	863.64
			Subtotal	863.64
			TOTAL GST 10%	86.36
			TOTAL AUD	950.00

Due Date: 26 Dec 2025

Payment Terms: 7 Day Account

Please pay within the payment terms to avoid an admin fee. Note: all bank/legal fees incurred in obtaining payment will be the customer's responsibility

Direct Deposit
BSB: 012084
Account Number: 194679655
Account Name: ACT Property Inspections Pty Ltd
Please reference your name and invoice number

Cheques - please make payable to ACT Property Inspections Pty Ltd

[View and pay online now](#)